Faster Restart

Sally Floyd ICIR IETF 66 DCCP Meeting July 12, 2006

TFRC for variable application demand

* Application scenario: Interactive communication

When a party is active, endpoint application sends *A* bits/sec When inactive, endpoint application sends next to nothing (comfort noise)

 * What should TFRC/DCCP CCID 3 do on inactive → active transition? Application wants to instantly return to former rate TFRC wants to slow start (lost info on network congestion) Middle ground?

Faster restart: basic idea

* TFRC

Each nofeedback timer (= 4 idle RTTs) reduces rate by 1/2Down to minimum of initial sending rate (2 packets/RTT)

* Faster Restart

Nofeedback timer mechanism same

Down to minimum of *higher* initial rate (4 pkt/RTT, or 8 small pkt/RTT)

Speed up slow start process: speed up $4 \times /RTT$, not $2 \times /RTT$, up to previously achieved rate

Issues (Vlad Balan, Arjuna Sathiaseelan)

* What if application goes idle during slow start?

Solution: Apply faster restart during slow start periods as well as congestion avoidance periods

* What about feedback packets after idle?

First packet after idle period reports a low receive rate, since that receive rate includes idle period and a partial window

Would misinterpret this receive rate as ending faster restart

Solution 1 (TFRC): Ignore first feedback packet after idle

Is this sufficient? Comfort noise packets, sub-RTT idle periods, ...?

Issues continued

- * Solution 2 (faster restart): Receiver reports length of time over which Receive Rate was calculated; sender may inflate this rate to account for idle periods Example: Receive rate covers time interval [T1, T2]Say sender was idle for a total of *I* time over that interval Sender uses altered receive rate $X'_{recv} = X_{recv} \times \frac{T2 - T1 + I}{T2 - T1}$
- * Question (Arjuna): What about transmit buffering?

"Idle" means transport is idle (has nothing to send), not application is idle

* More to come. For example, Sally disagrees

Next steps

* Further implementation experience