



Network Security Today: Finding Complex Attacks at 100Gb/s

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TU München, September 2012



Outline

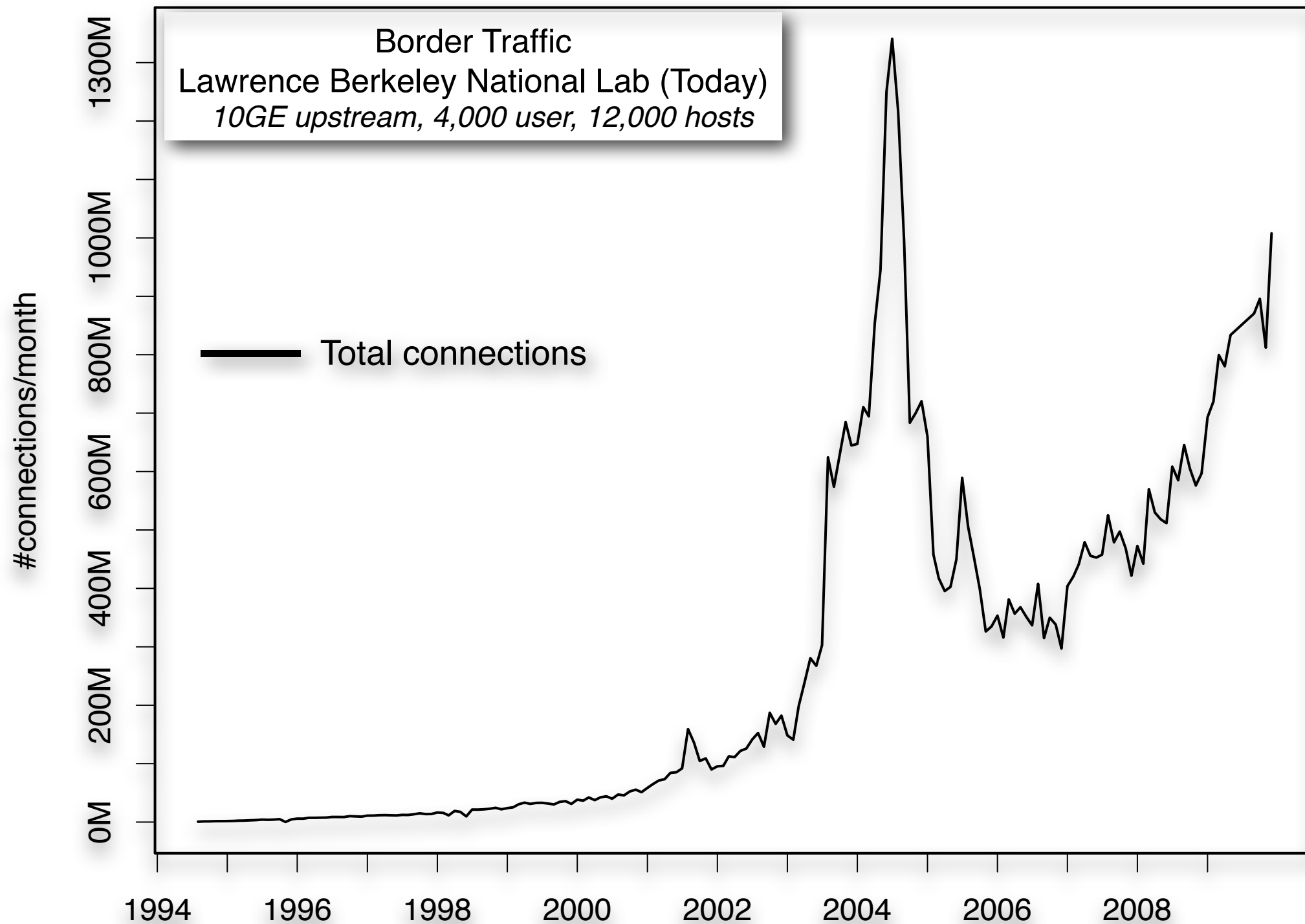
Outline

Today's Threats.

Deep Packet Inspection at High Speed.

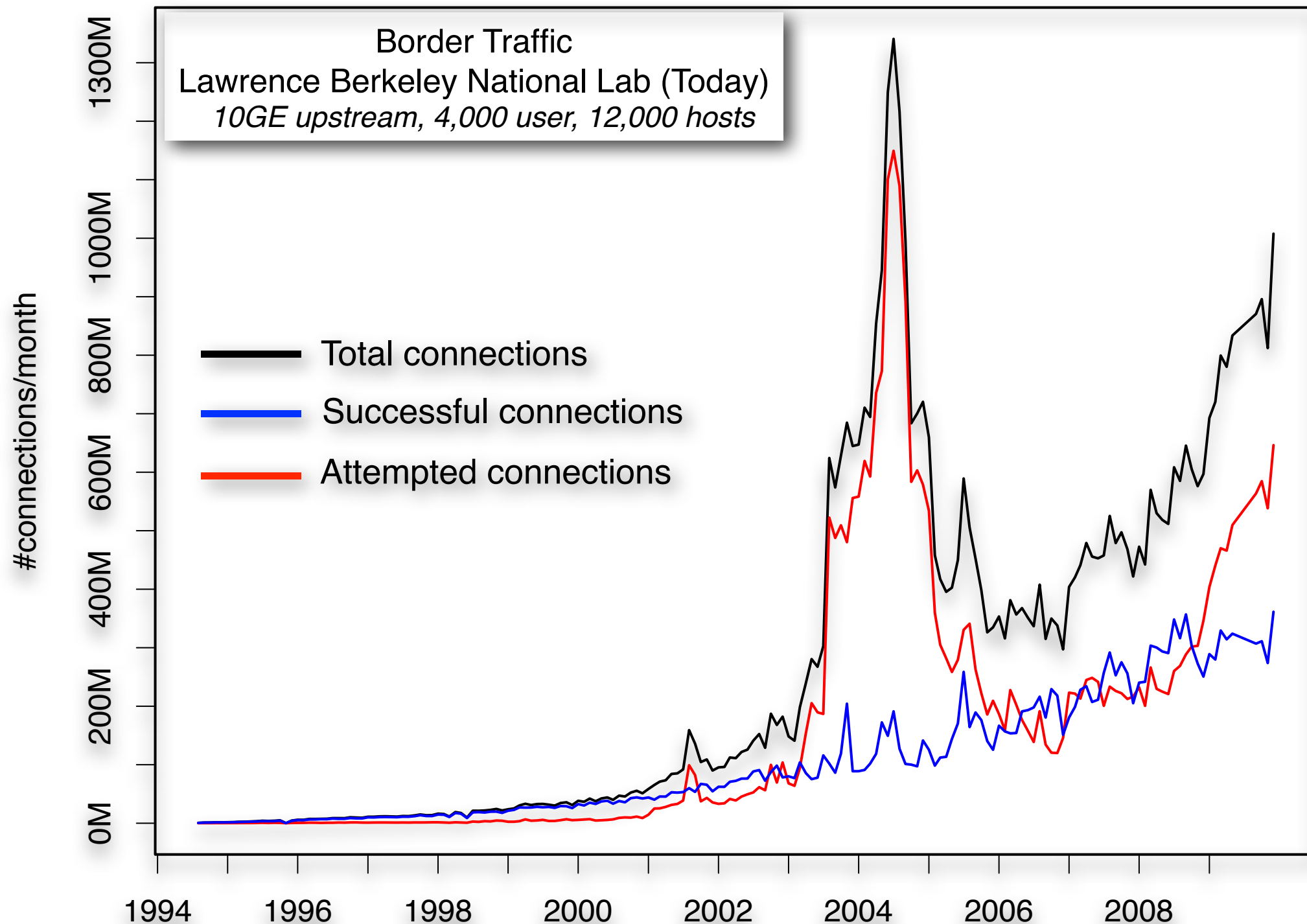
Collective Intelligence.

The Old Days ...



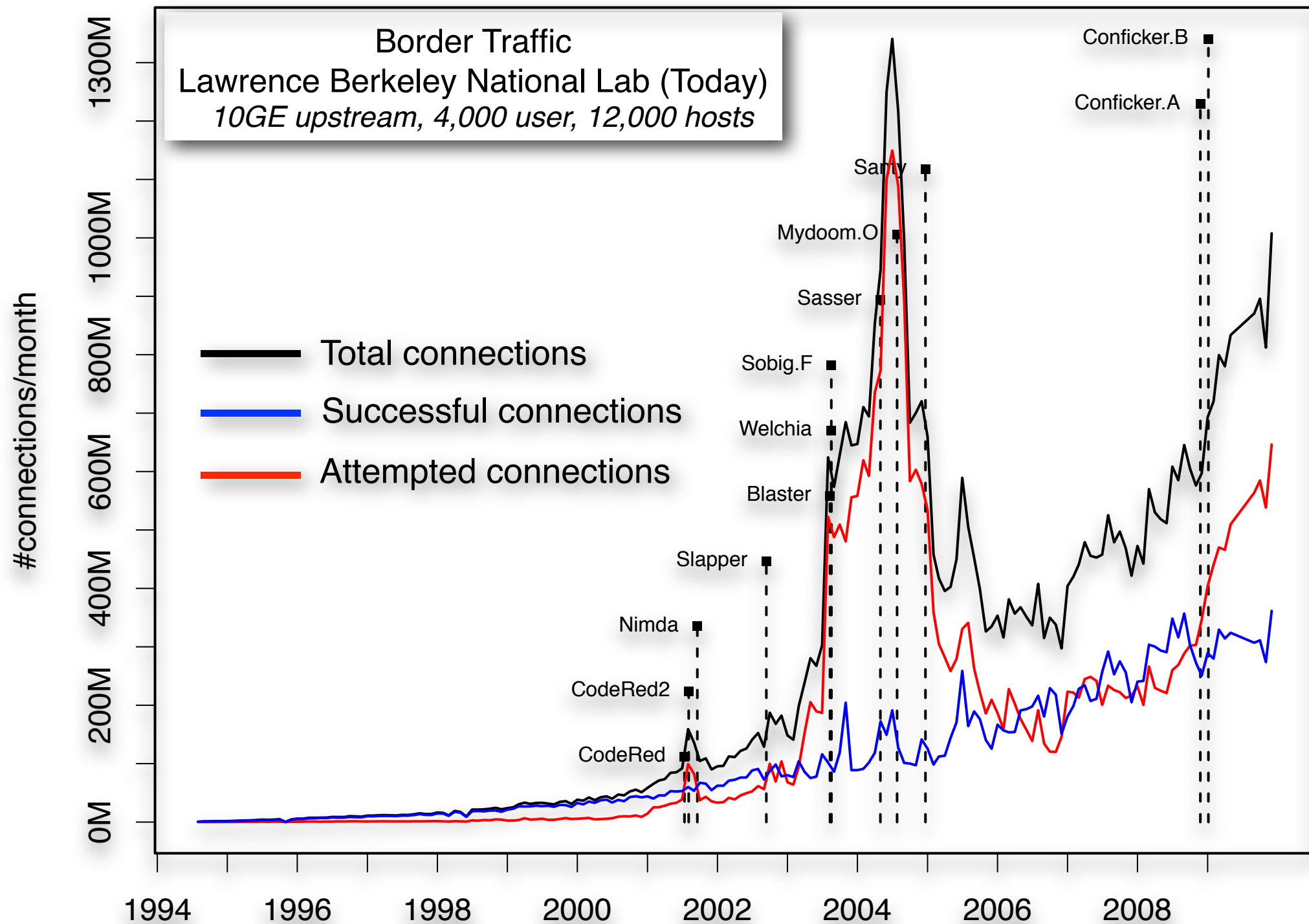
Data: Lawrence Berkeley National Lab

The Old Days ...



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Trend 1: Commercialization of Attacks

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Attacks aimed at making a profit.

Selling (illegal) goods and services.

Exfiltrating information.

Thriving underground economy.

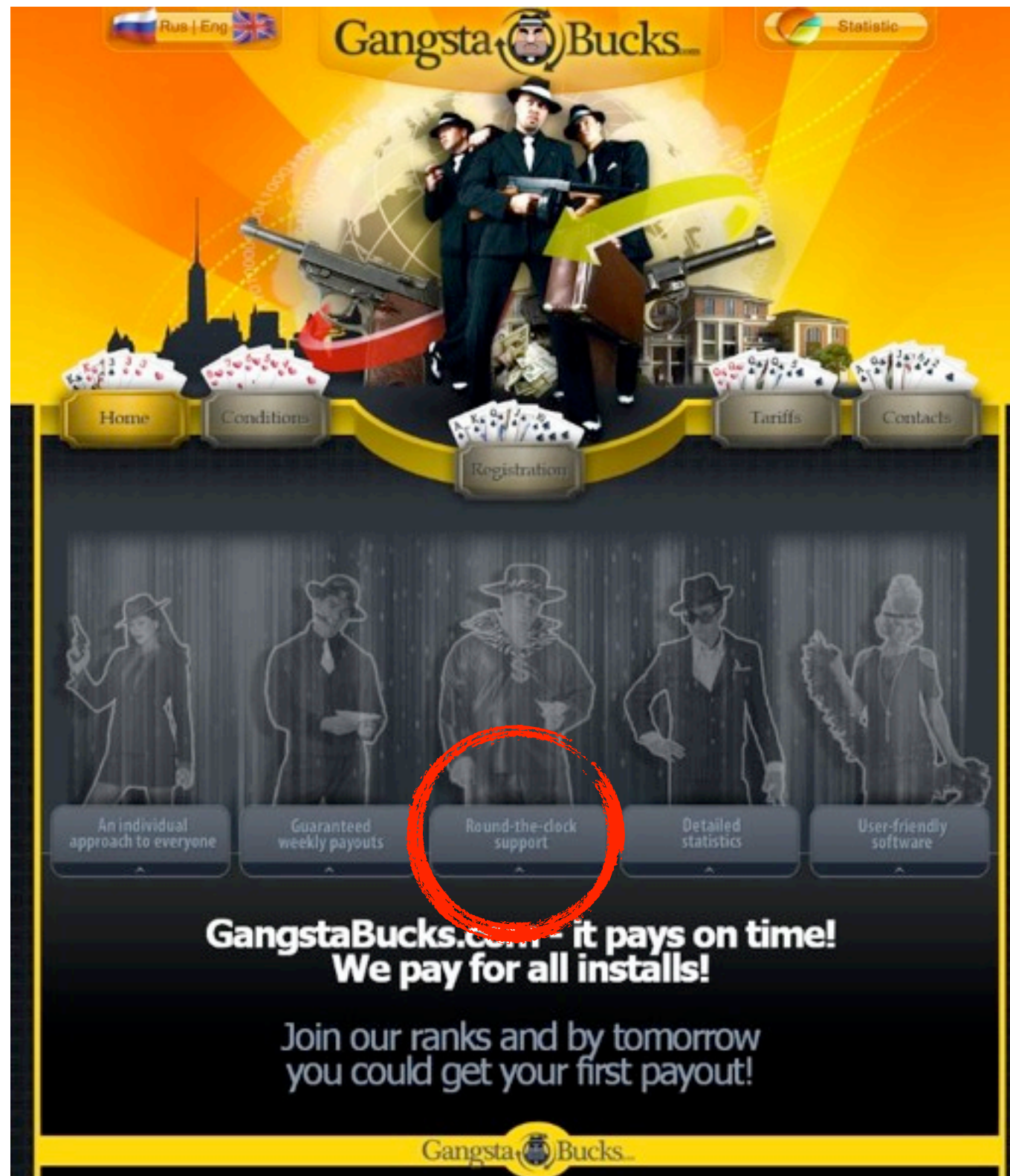
Empowered by virtually endless supply of “bots”.

Everything is on sale (“crime-as-a-service”).

“Pay Per Install” Services



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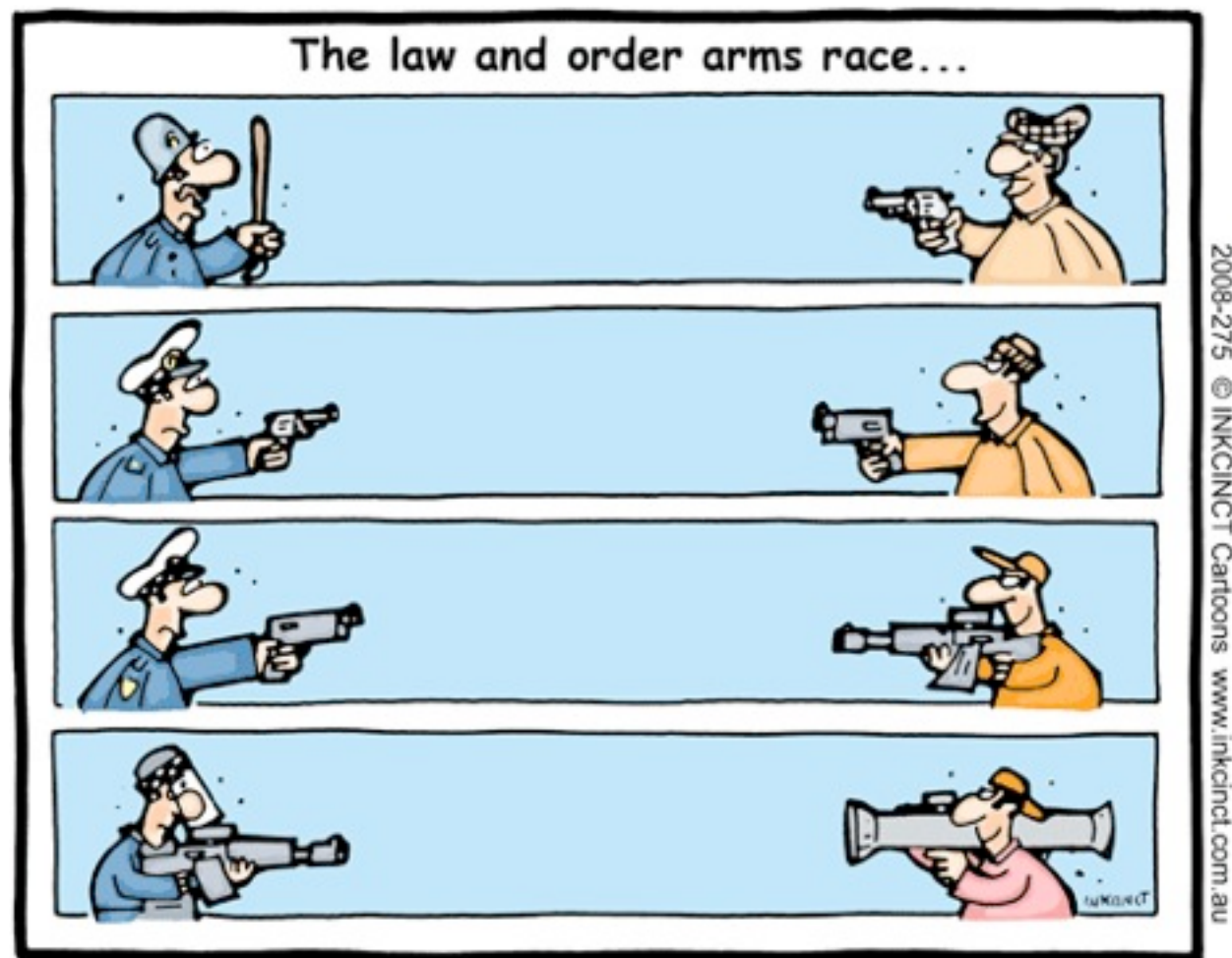


Crime Economics

Crime Economics

Accelerated arms race.

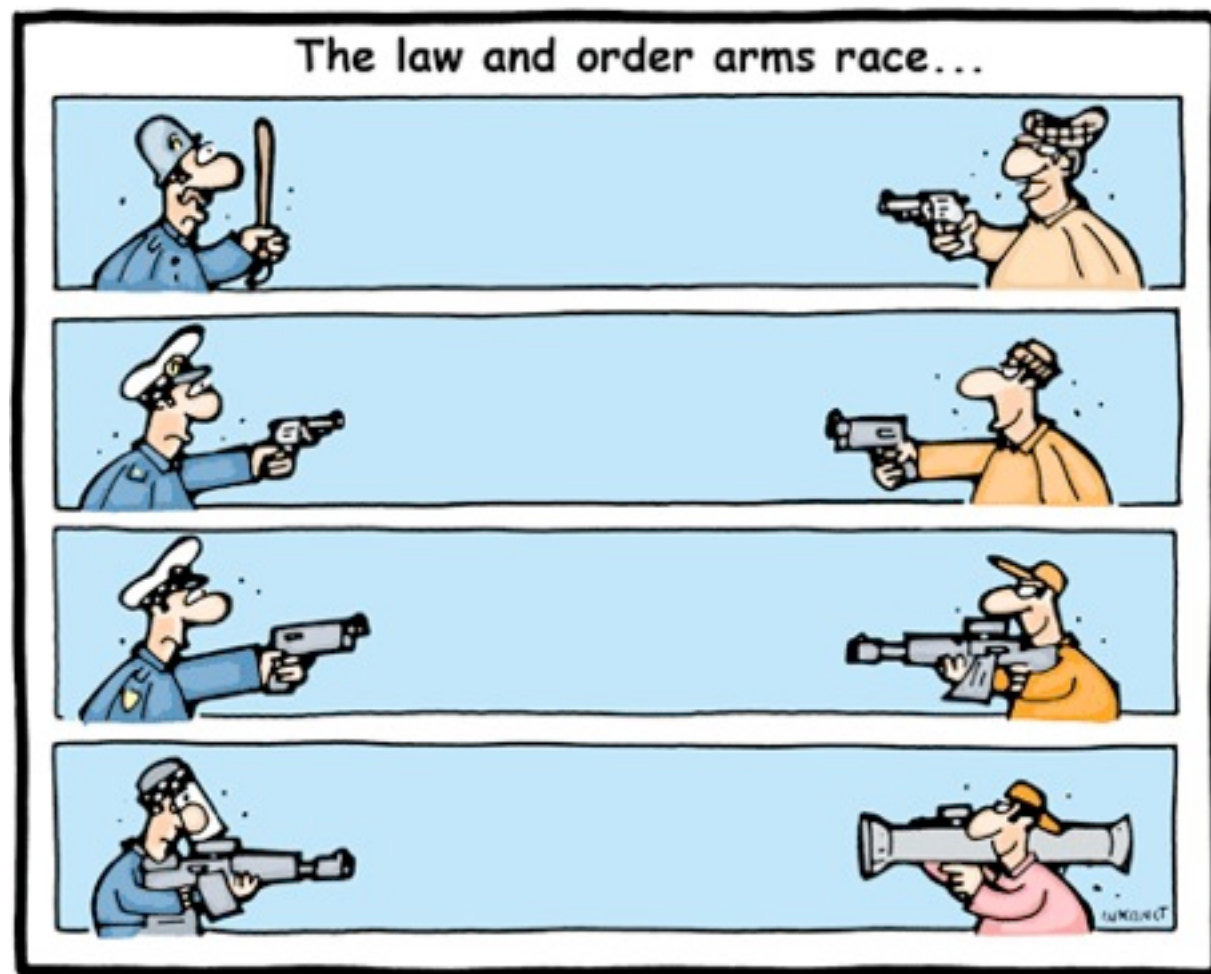
Innovative, fast moving attackers.



Crime Economics

Accelerated arms race.

Innovative, fast moving attackers.



Bear race.

If attack pays, it's good enough.



Trend 2: Highly Targeted Attacks

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High-skill / high-resource attacks.

Targeting **you**.

Extremely hard to defend against.

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Typical Instances

Activist hacking.

“Advanced Persistent Threats”.

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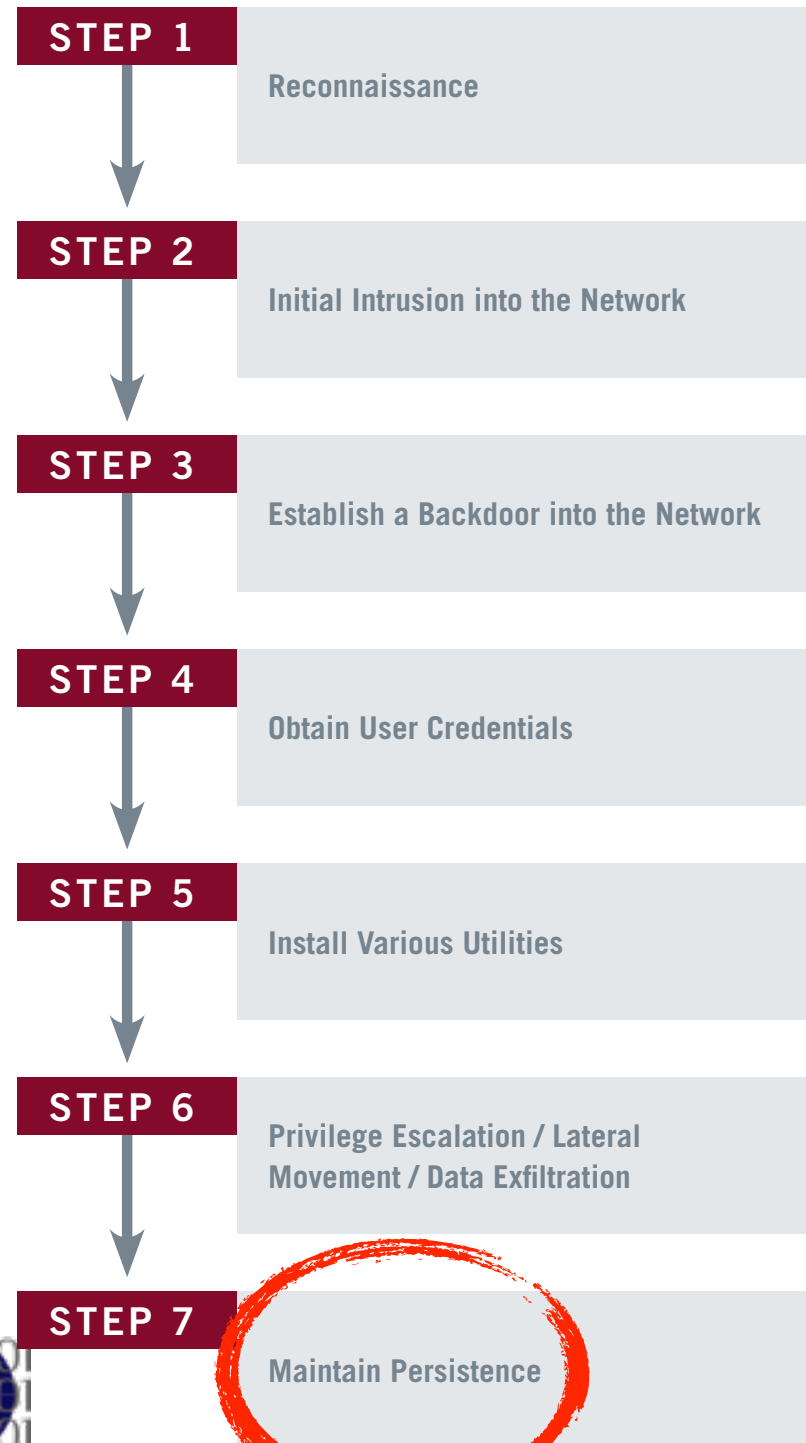
Typical Instances

Advanced Persistent Threat (APT). MANDIANT defines the APT as a group of sophisticated, determined and coordinated attackers that have been systematically compromising U.S. government and commercial computer networks for years. The vast majority of

Source: MANDIANT

Targeted Attacks: APTs

EXPLOITATION LIFE CYCLE



Source: MANDIANT

Targeted Attacks: APTs

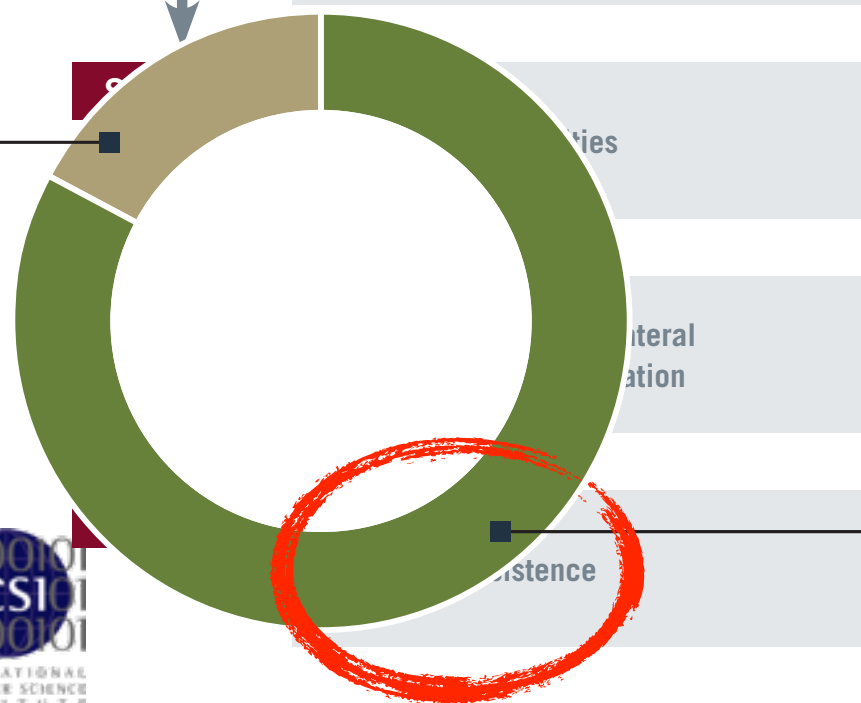
EXPLOITATION LIFE CYCLE

STEP 1
Reconnaissance

STEP 2
Initial Intrusion into the Network

STEP 3
Establish a Backdoor into the Network

STEP 4
Obtain User Credentials



APT MALWARE CONNECTIONS

100% of APT backdoor connections

Used another port **17%**

Used TCP port 80 or 443 **83%**

In no instance was any APT malware written or configured to listen for inbound connections.

Source: MANDIANT

Challenges for Defenders

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Varying threat models.
No ring rules them all.

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Volume and variability.

Network traffic is an enormous haystack.

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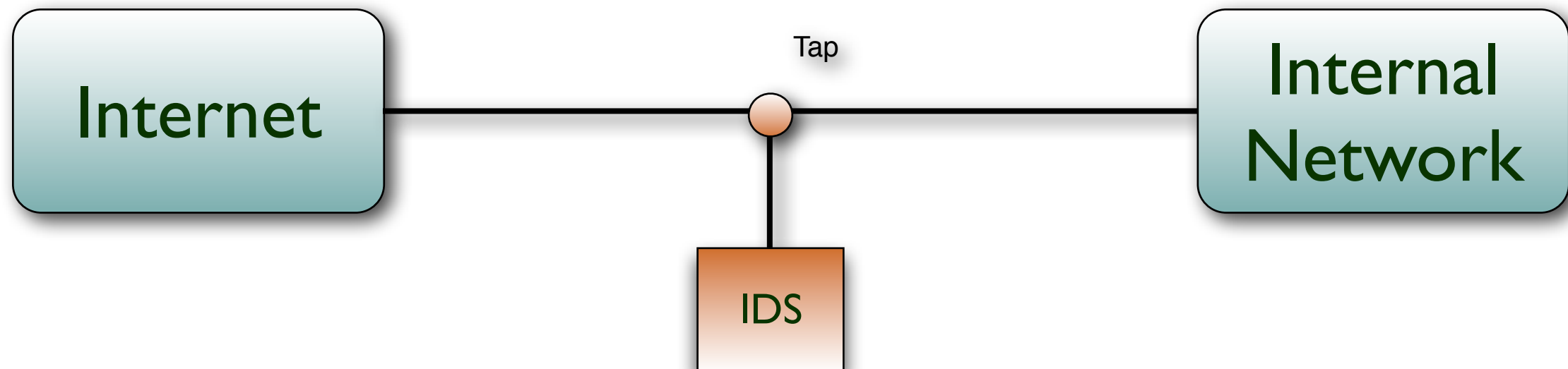
Network traffic is an enormous haystack.

Semantic complexity.

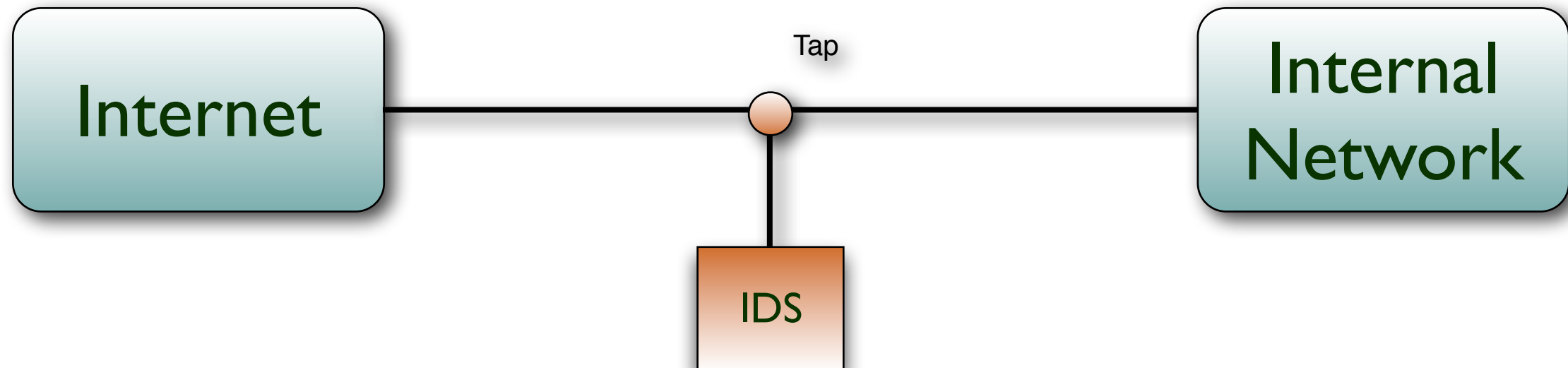
The action is really at the application-layer.

Analyzing Semantics

Analyzing Semantics



Analyzing Semantics



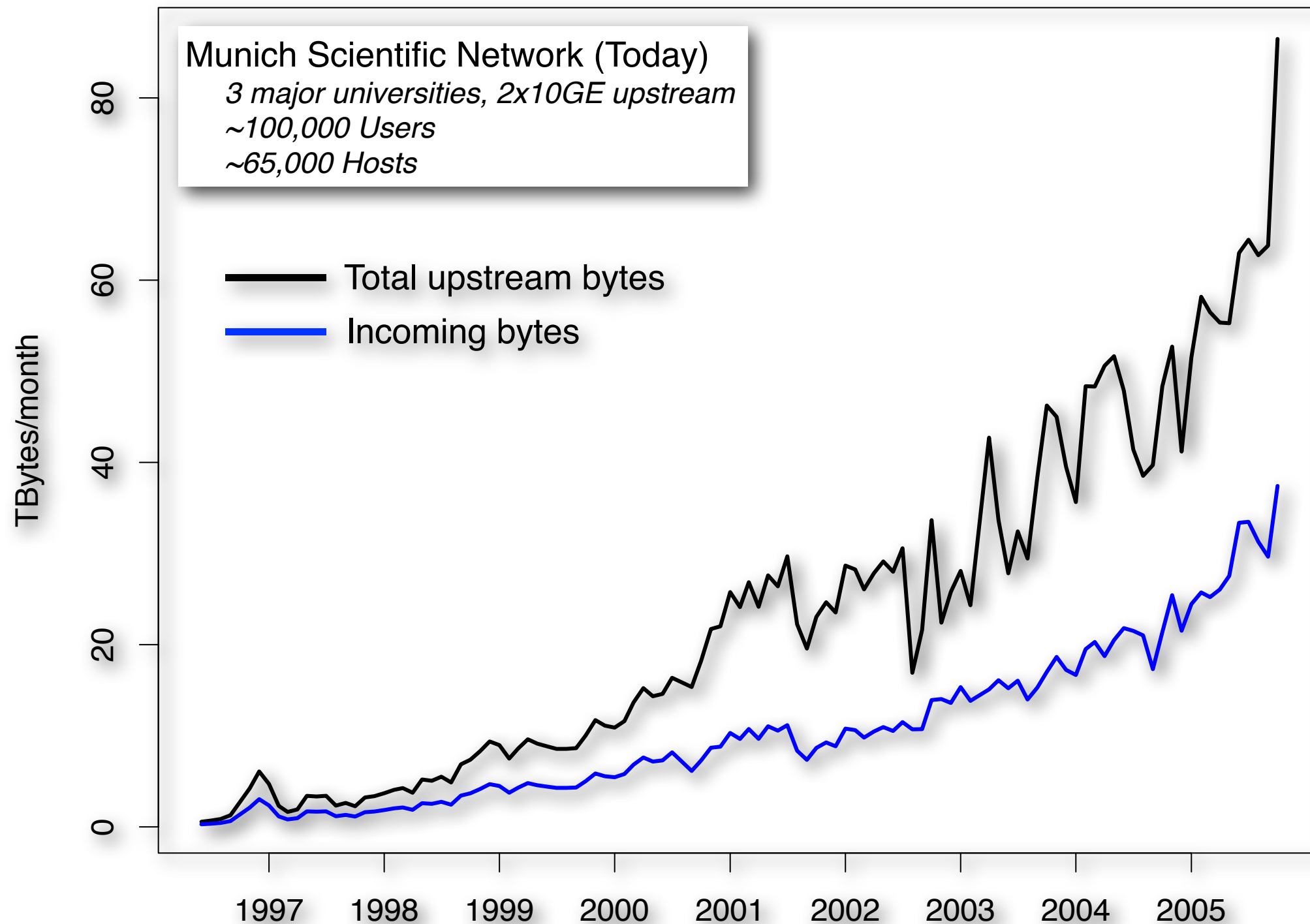
Example: Finding downloads of known malware.

1. Find and parse all Web traffic.
2. Find and extract binaries.
3. Compute hash and compare with database.
4. Report, and potentially kill, if found.

Deep Packet Inspection at High Speed

Back in 2005 ...

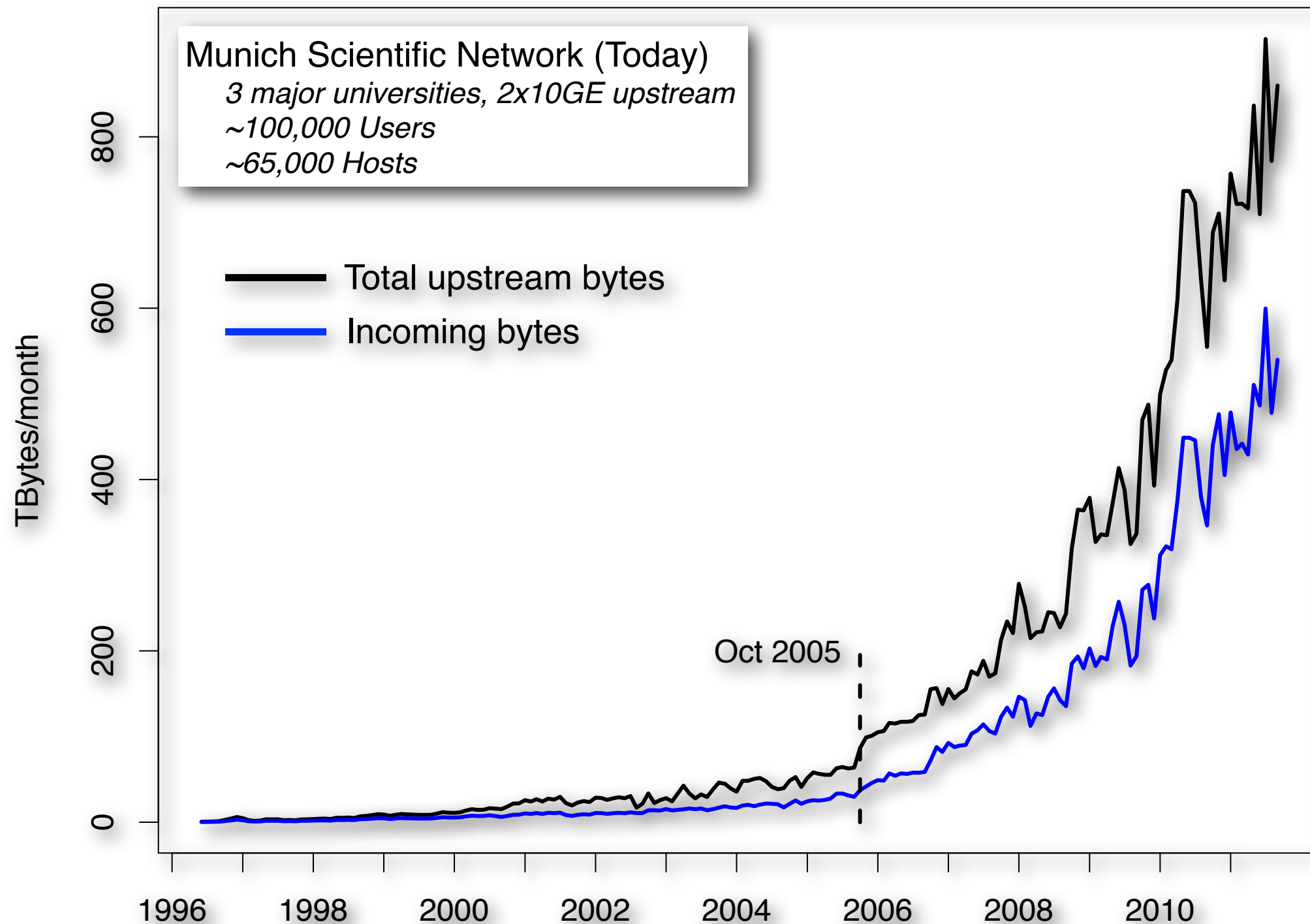
Back in 2005 ...



Data: Leibniz-Rechenzentrum, München

Today ...

Today ...



Data: Leibniz-Rechenzentrum, München

Traditional Gap: Research vs. Operations

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Conceptually simple tasks can be hard in practice.

Academic research often neglects operational constraints.

Operations cannot leverage academic results.

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Operations cannot leverage academic results.

We focus on working *with* operations.

Close collaborations with several large sites.

Extremely fruitful for both sides.

Research Platform: Bro

Research Platform: Bro

Originally developed by Vern Paxson in 1996.

Open-source, BSD-license, maintained at ICSI.

In operational use since the beginning.

Conceptually very different from other IDS.



<http://www.bro-ids.org>

Bro Script Example: Matching URLs

Task: Report all Web requests for files called “passwd” .

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```
event http_request(c: connection,           # Connection.
                  method: string,           # HTTP method.
                  original_URI: string,      # Requested URL.
                  unescaped_URI: string,     # Decoded URL.
                  version: string)          # HTTP version.
{
    if ( method == "GET" && unescaped_URI == /*.passwd/ )
        NOTICE(...); # Alarm.
}
```

“Who’s Using It?”

Installations across the US

Universities
Research Labs
Supercomputer Centers
Industry

Examples

Lawrence Berkeley National Lab
Indiana University
National Center for Supercomputing Applications
National Center for Atmospheric Research
... and many more sites

Fully integrated into **Security Onion**

Popular security-oriented Linux distribution



Recent User Meetings

Bro Workshop 2011 at NCSA
Bro Exchange 2012 at NCAR

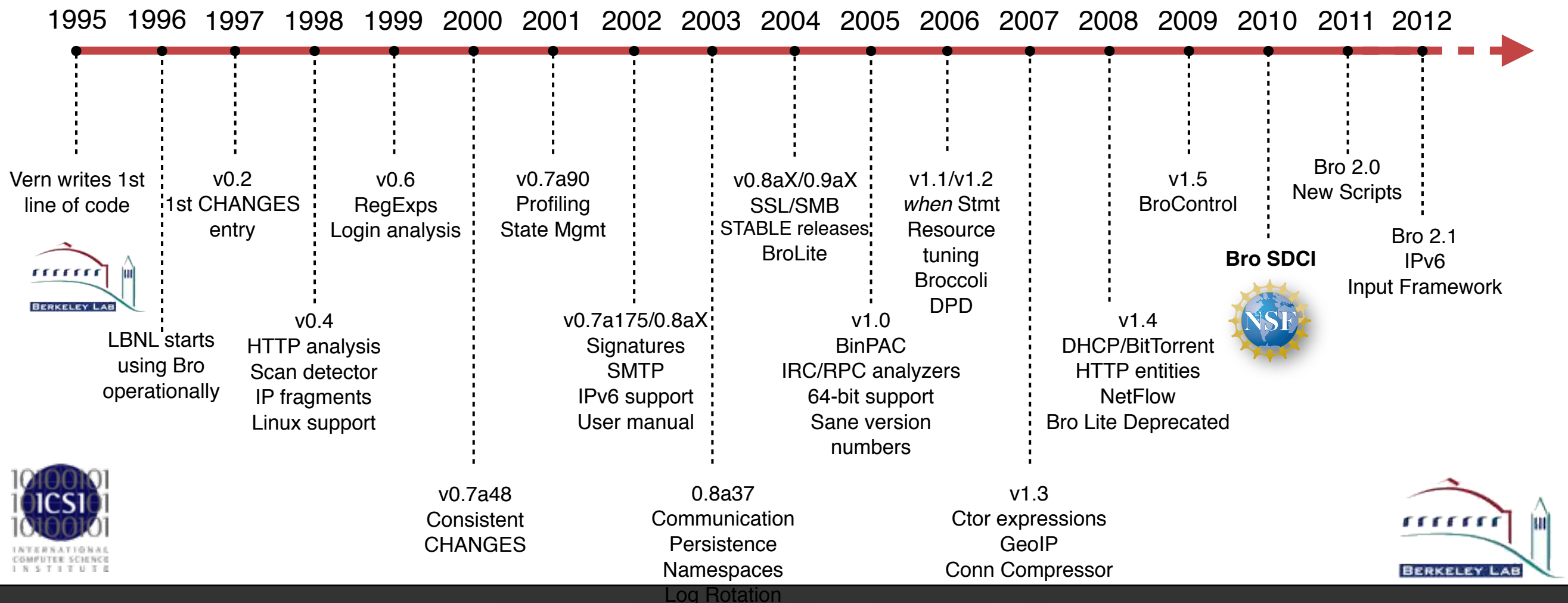
Each attended by about 50 operators from
from 30-35 organizations

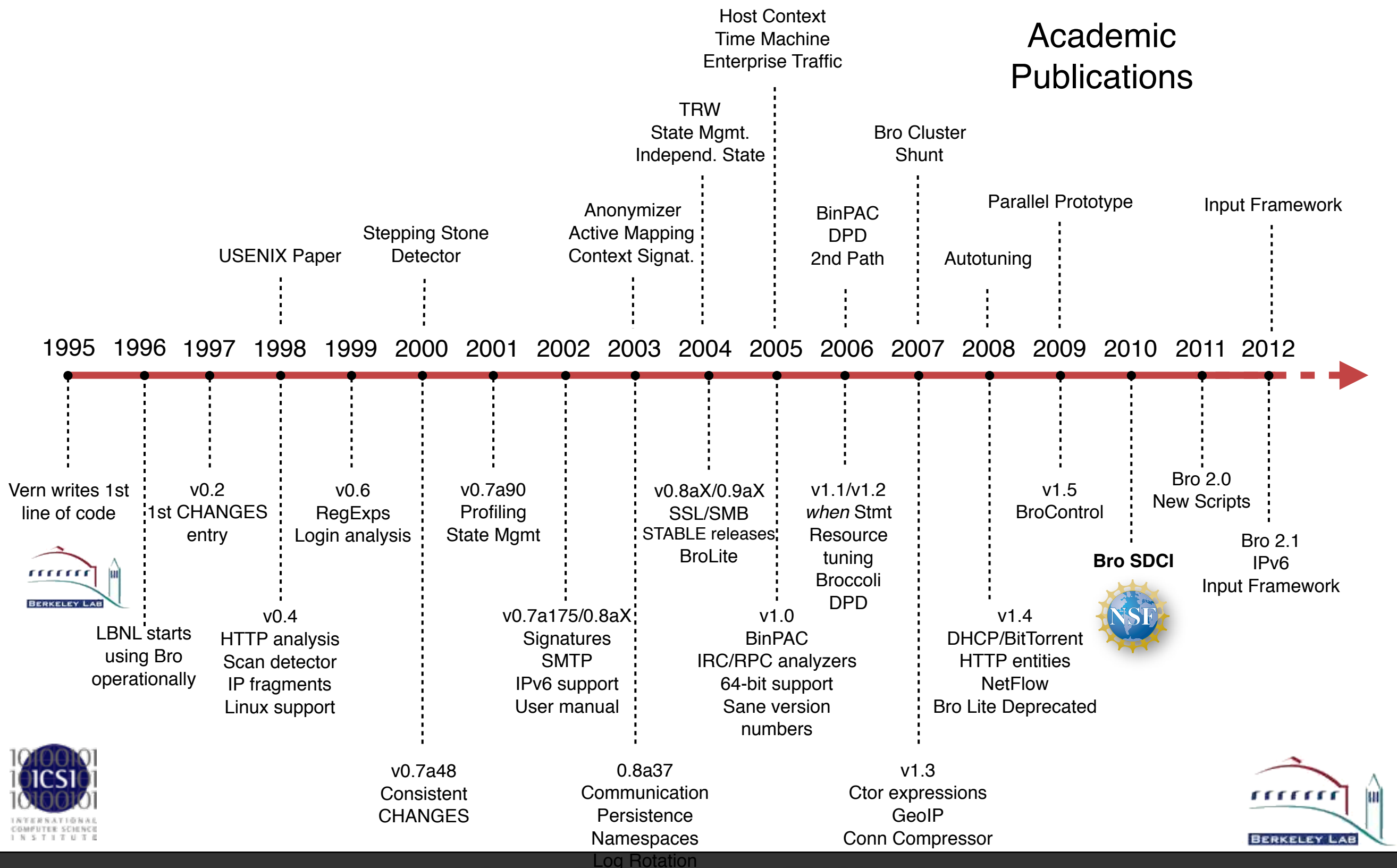




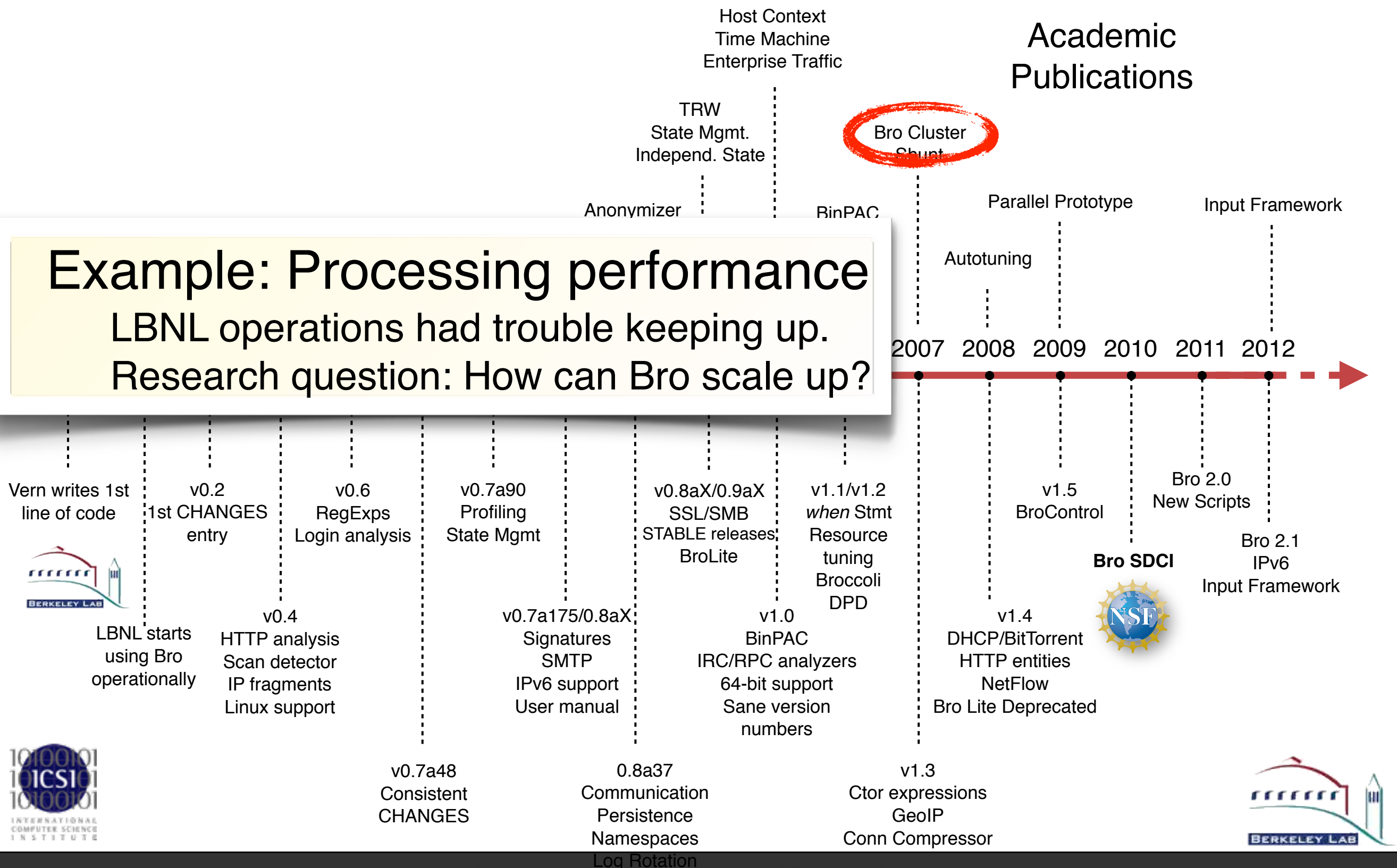
Vern writes 1st
line of code





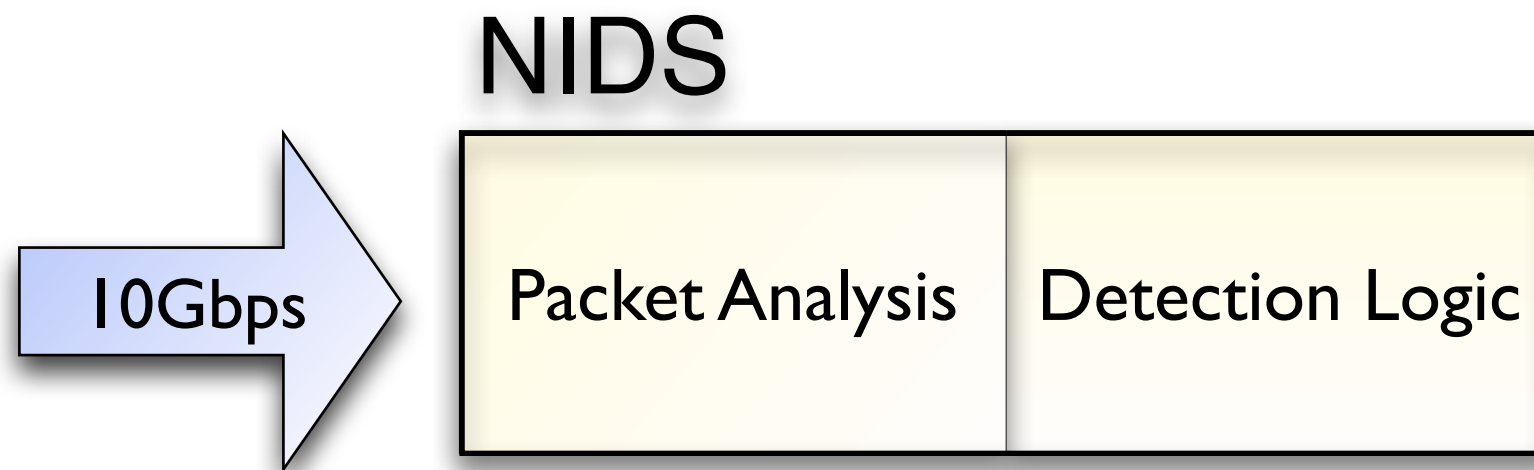


Example: Processing performance
 LBNL operations had trouble keeping up.
 Research question: How can Bro scale up?

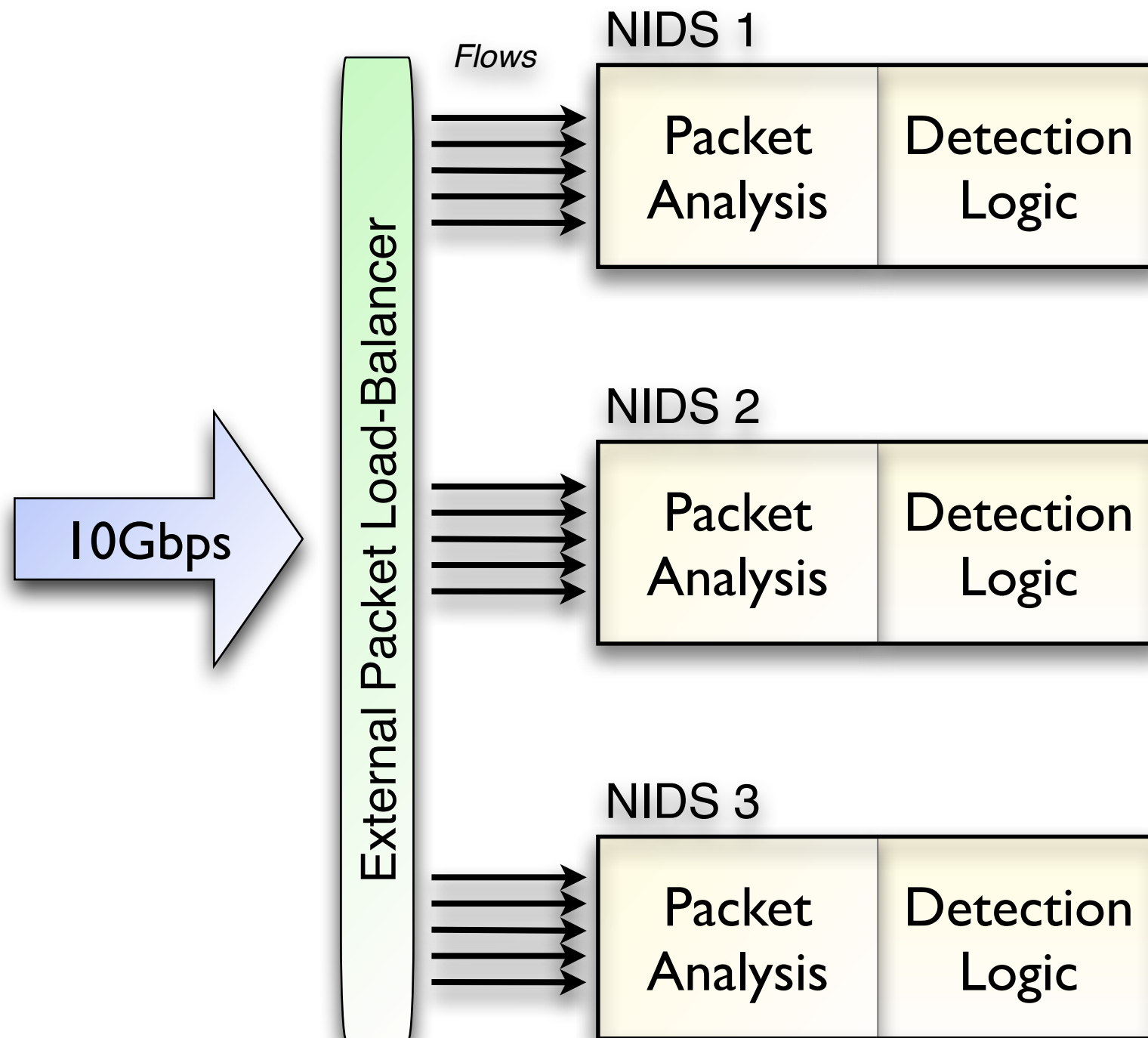


Load-balancing Architecture

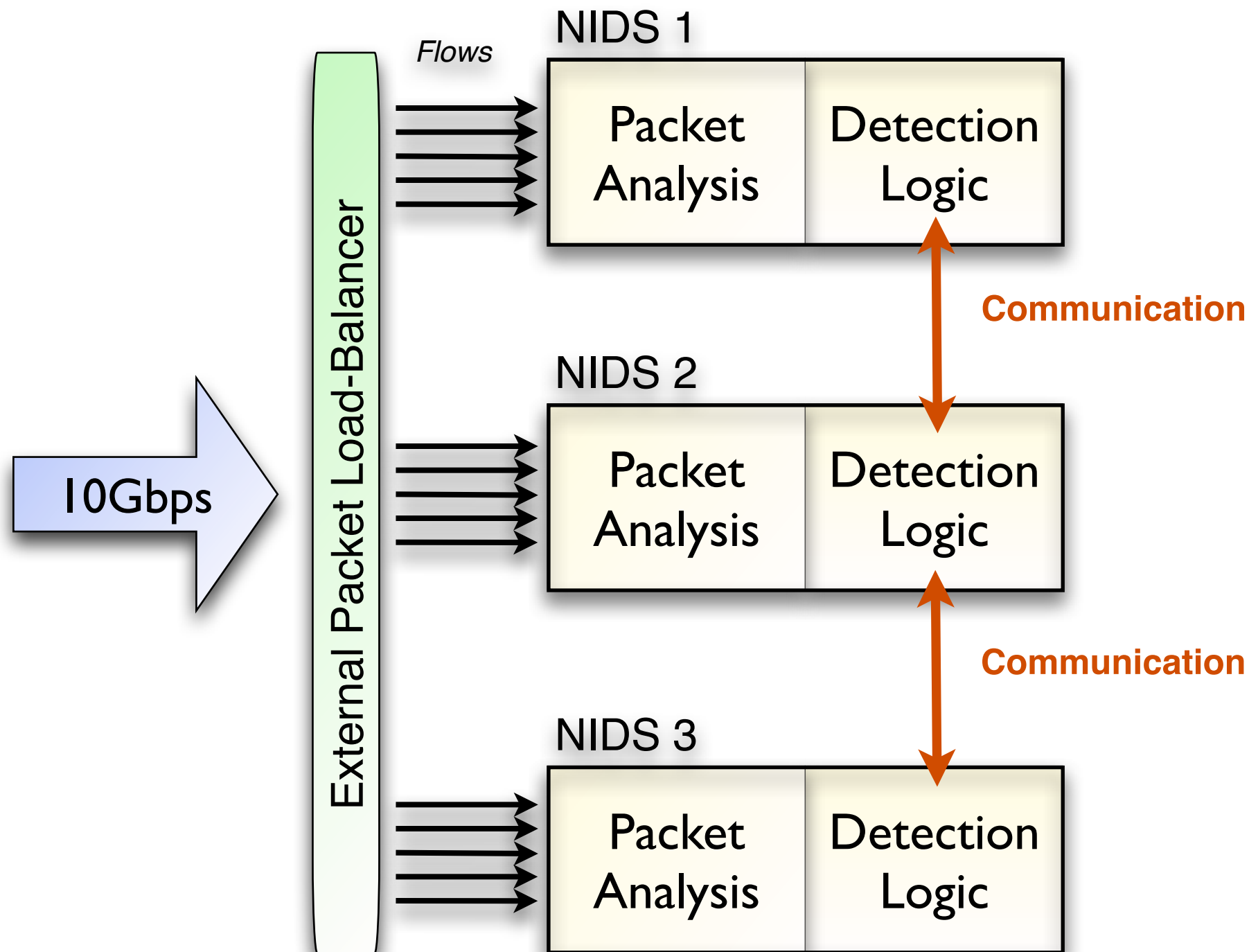
Load-balancing Architecture



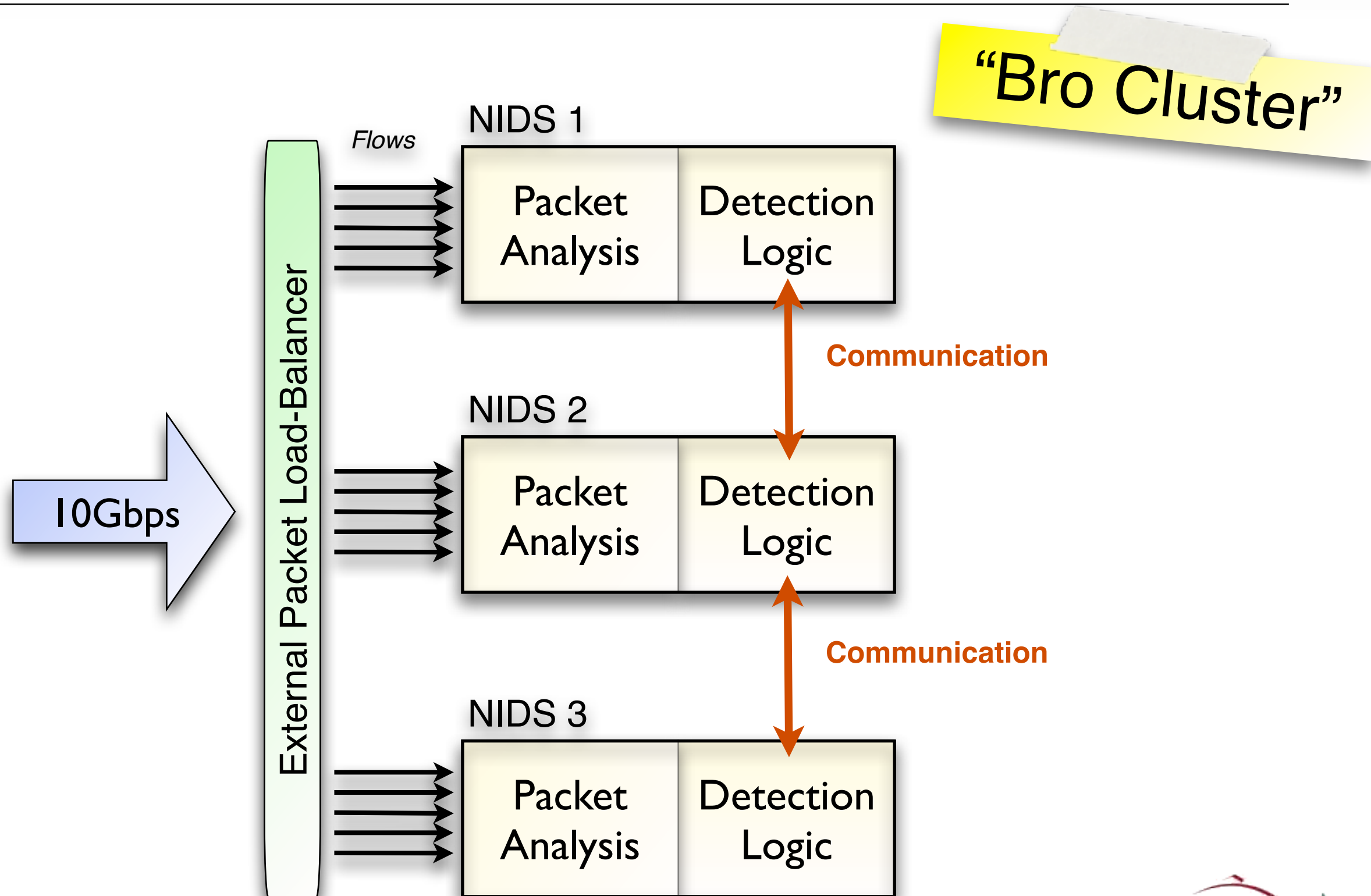
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Load-balancing Architecture



Cluster goes Operation

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Load-balancer operates a line-rate.

1. Receive packet.
2. Calculate hash.
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Research prototype limited to 2 Gb/s.

Linux box using kernel-level *Click*.

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LBNL wanted reliable 10 Gb/s device.

No robust line-rate solution available in 2007.
Eventually contracted vendor to build device.

A Production Load-Balancer

cFlow: 10GE line-rate, stand-alone load-balancer



10 Gb/s in/out
Web & CLI
Filtering capabilities

Available from cPacket



Informatik

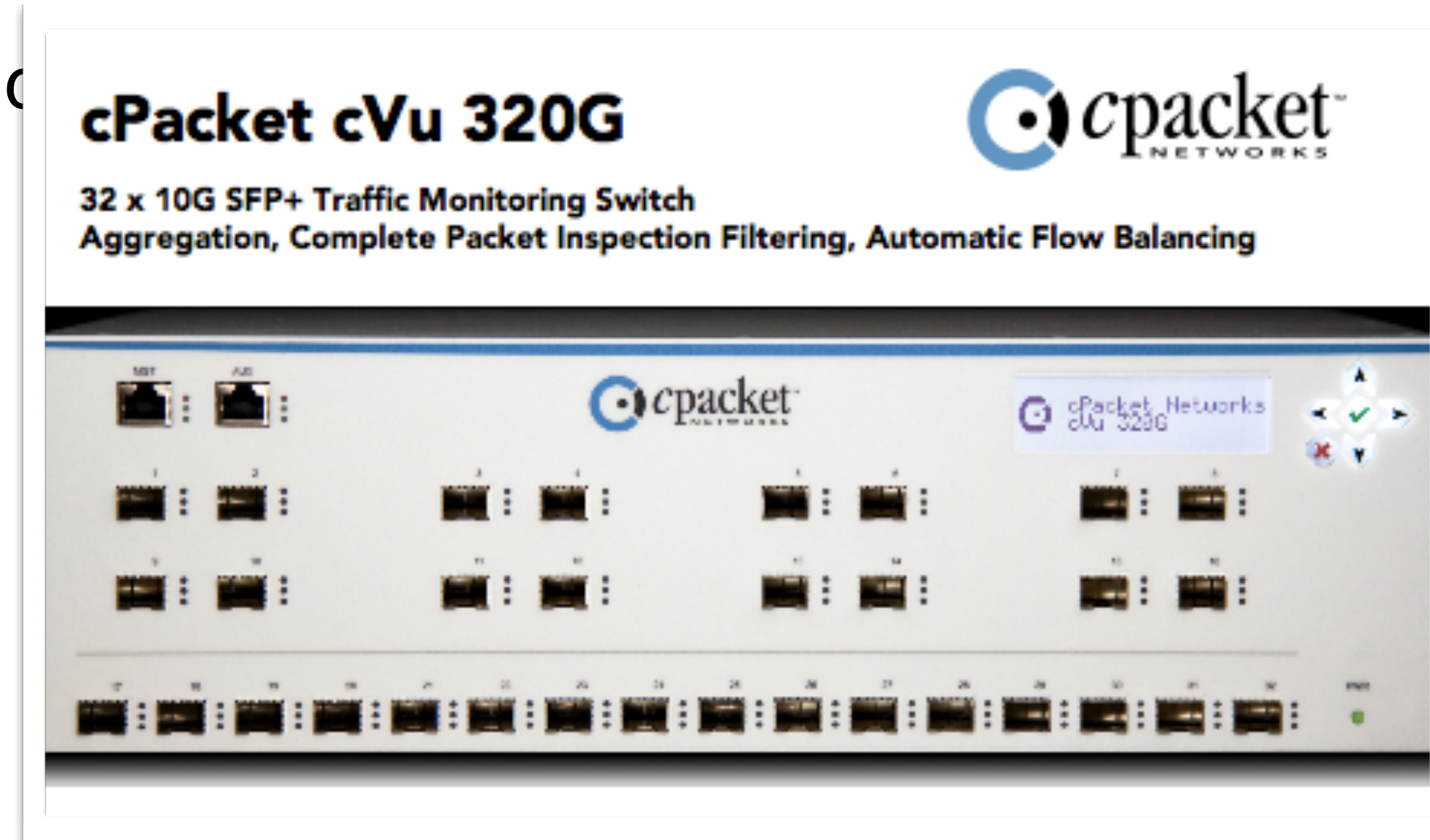
Port	Min: (bps)	(pps)	Mean: (bps)	(pps)	StdDev: (bps)	(pps)	Max: (bps)	(pps)
Receive A	49,192,293	10,190.94	65,821,174	12,381.41	10,038,090	1,345.96	101,256,079	17,629.8
Transmit B	49,192,293	10,190.94	65,821,174	12,381.41	10,038,090	1,345.96	101,256,079	17,629.8

DA ↓	Min: (pps)	Mean: (pps)	StdDev: (pps)	Max: (pps)
mac_00_00: 001924001000	496.61	1,090.70	474.59	3,125.5
mac_00_01: 001924001001	815.79	1,107.97	265.98	2,146.6
mac_00_02: 001924001002	1,288.51	1,637.13	177.74	2,377.1
mac_00_03: 001924001003	965.24	1,492.70	548.61	3,453.8
mac_00_04: 001924001004	599.05	958.22	321.06	2,264.0
mac_00_05: 001924001005	707.11	1,261.86	364.94	2,202.8
mac_00_06: 001924001006	1,231.95	1,723.47	312.34	2,869.2
mac_00_07: 001924001007	618.78	1,158.75	713.24	6,108.4
mac_00_08: 001924001008	595.42	1,032.24	453.67	2,682.3
mac_00_09: 001924001009	520.24	918.37	509.37	4,383.3

Other ↓	Min: (pps)	Mean: (pps)	StdDev: (pps)	Max: (pps)
defmac: 0000ffffff	0	0.28	0.71	3.00

cpacket NETWORKS

A Production Load-Balancer



ancer



Available from cPacket

mac_00_03: 001924001003	965.24	1,492.70	548.61	3,453.81
mac_00_04: 001924001004	599.05	958.22	321.06	2,264.06
mac_00_05: 001924001005	707.11	1,261.86	364.94	2,202.84
mac_00_06: 001924001006	1,231.95	1,723.47	312.34	2,869.26
mac_00_07: 001924001007	618.78	1,158.75	713.24	6,108.44
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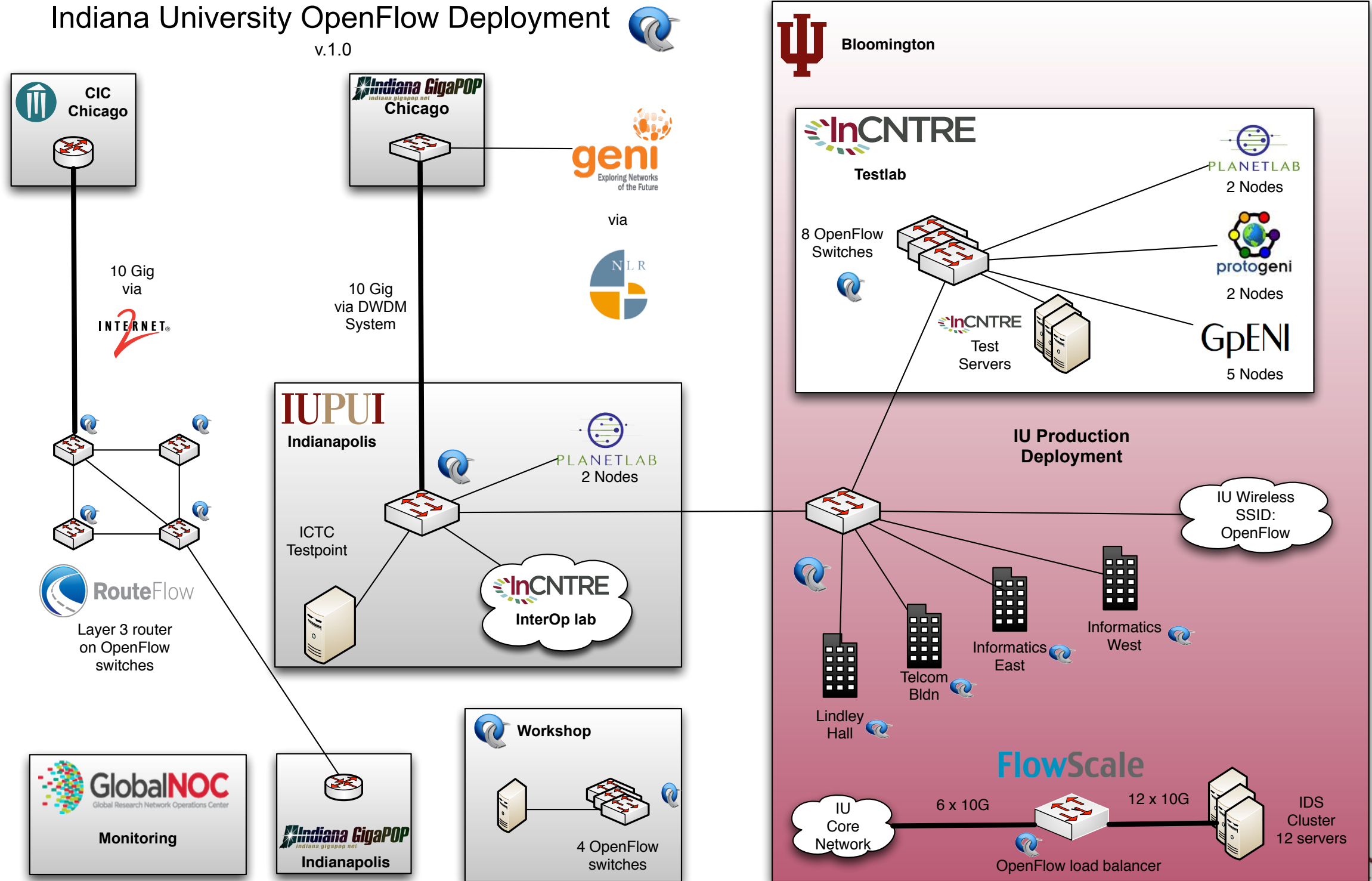
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Informatik



Indiana University

Indiana University OpenFlow Deployment v.1.0

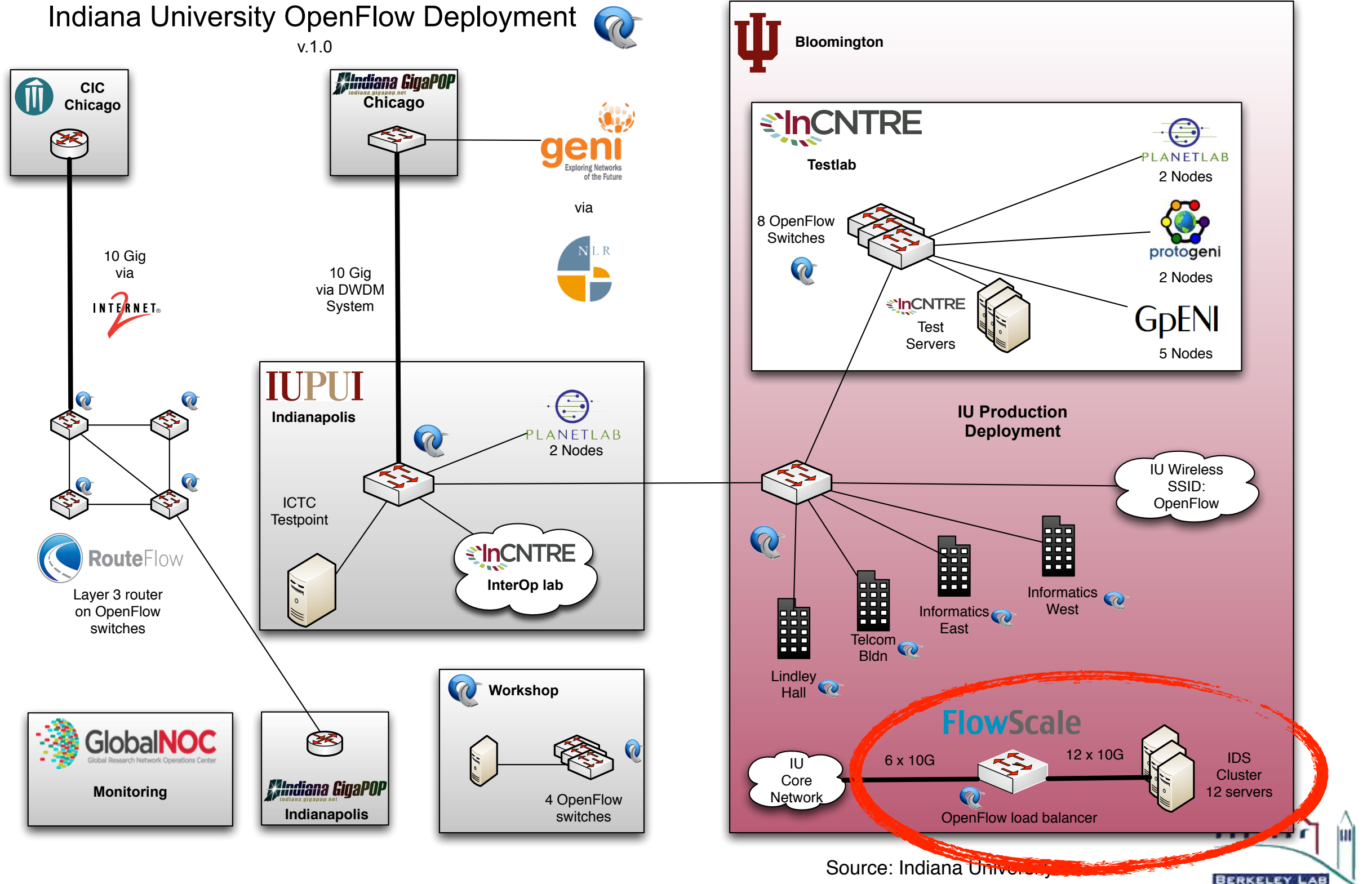


Source: Indiana University

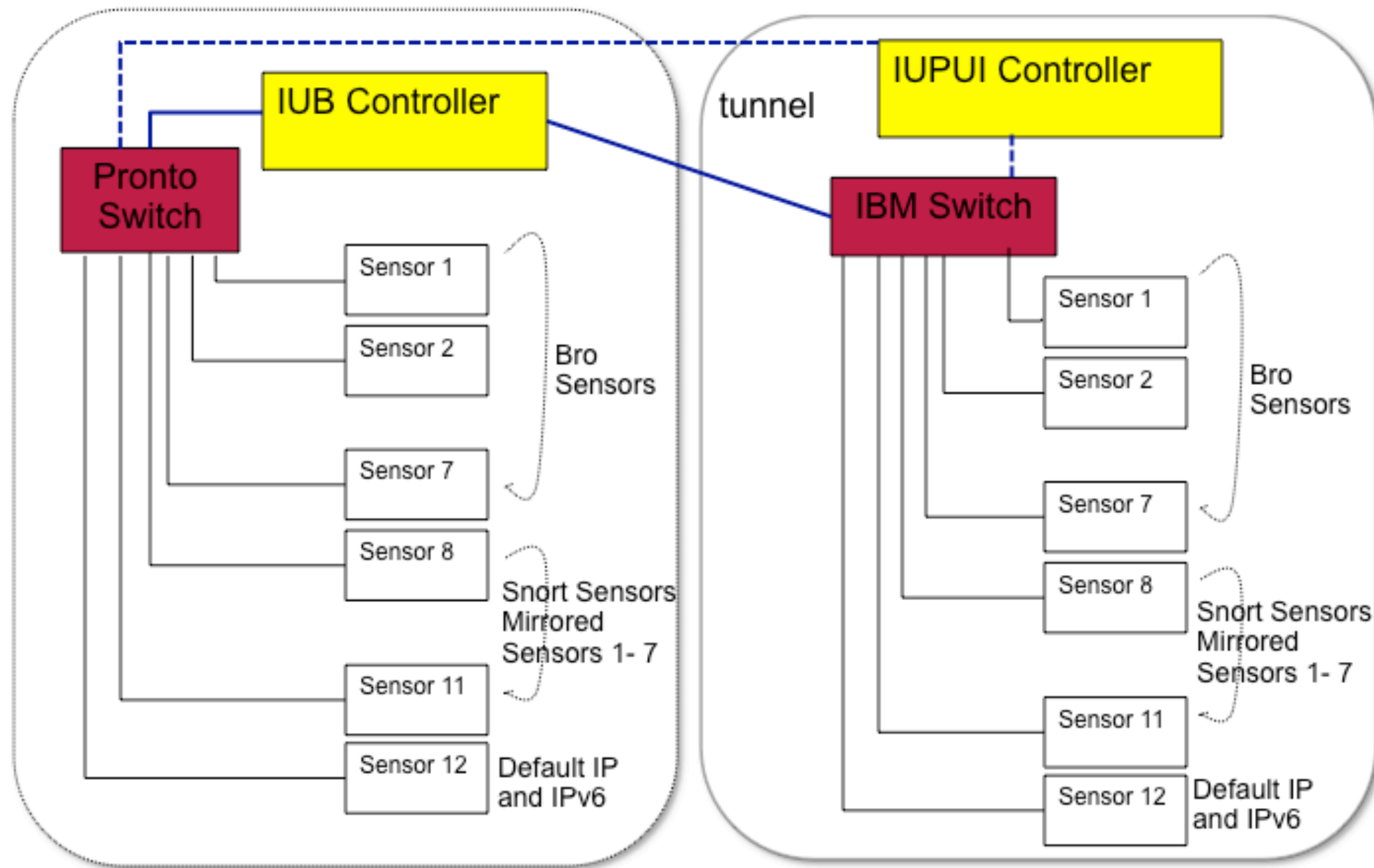


Indiana University

Indiana University OpenFlow Deployment v.1.0



Open-Flow Cluster at Indiana University



Source: Indiana University

Next Stop: 100 Gb/s



Production Backbone in Planning

ESnet5 Routed Network November 2012
DRAFT



*Geography is
only representational*



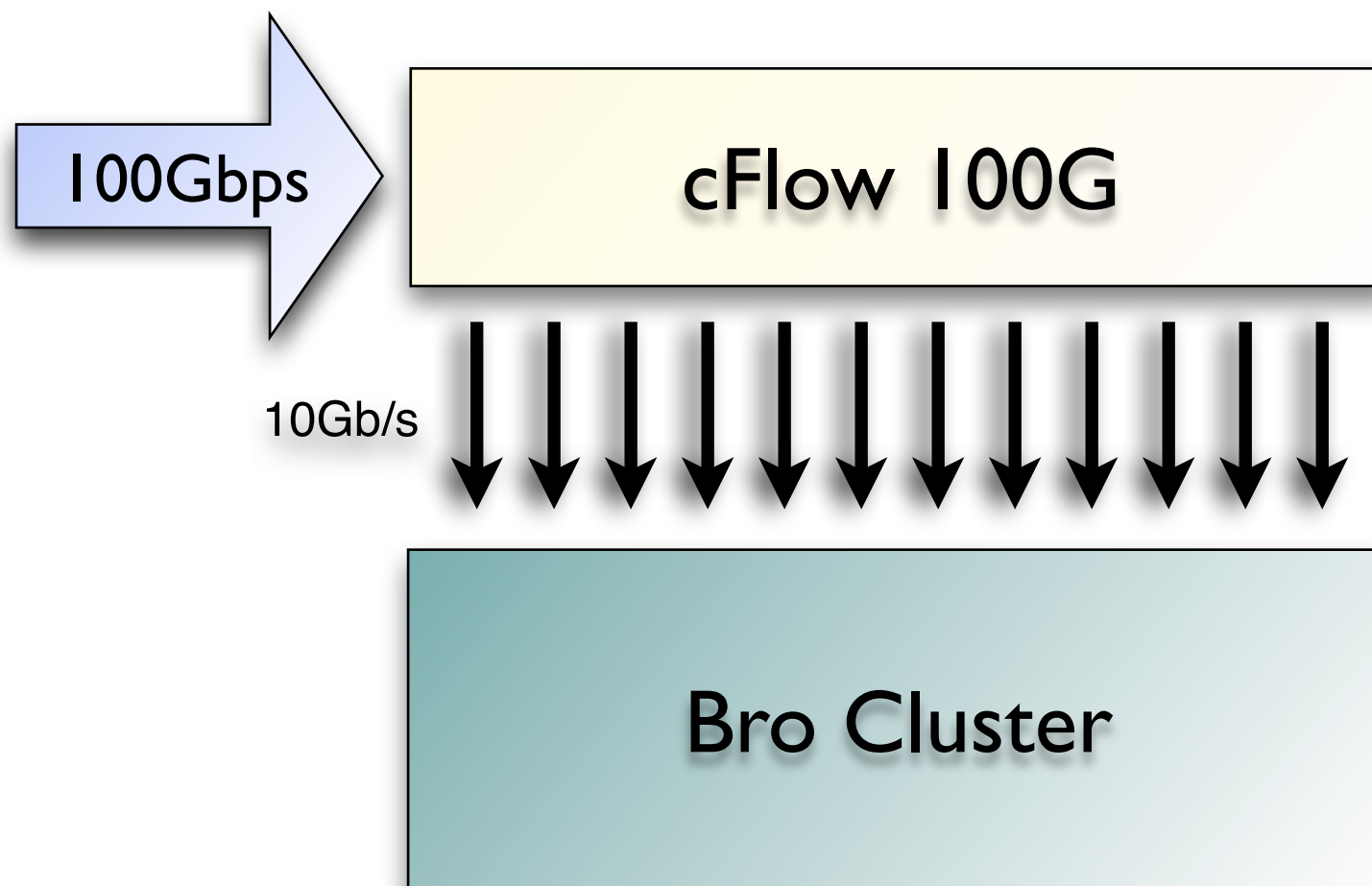
100 Gb/s Load-balancer

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

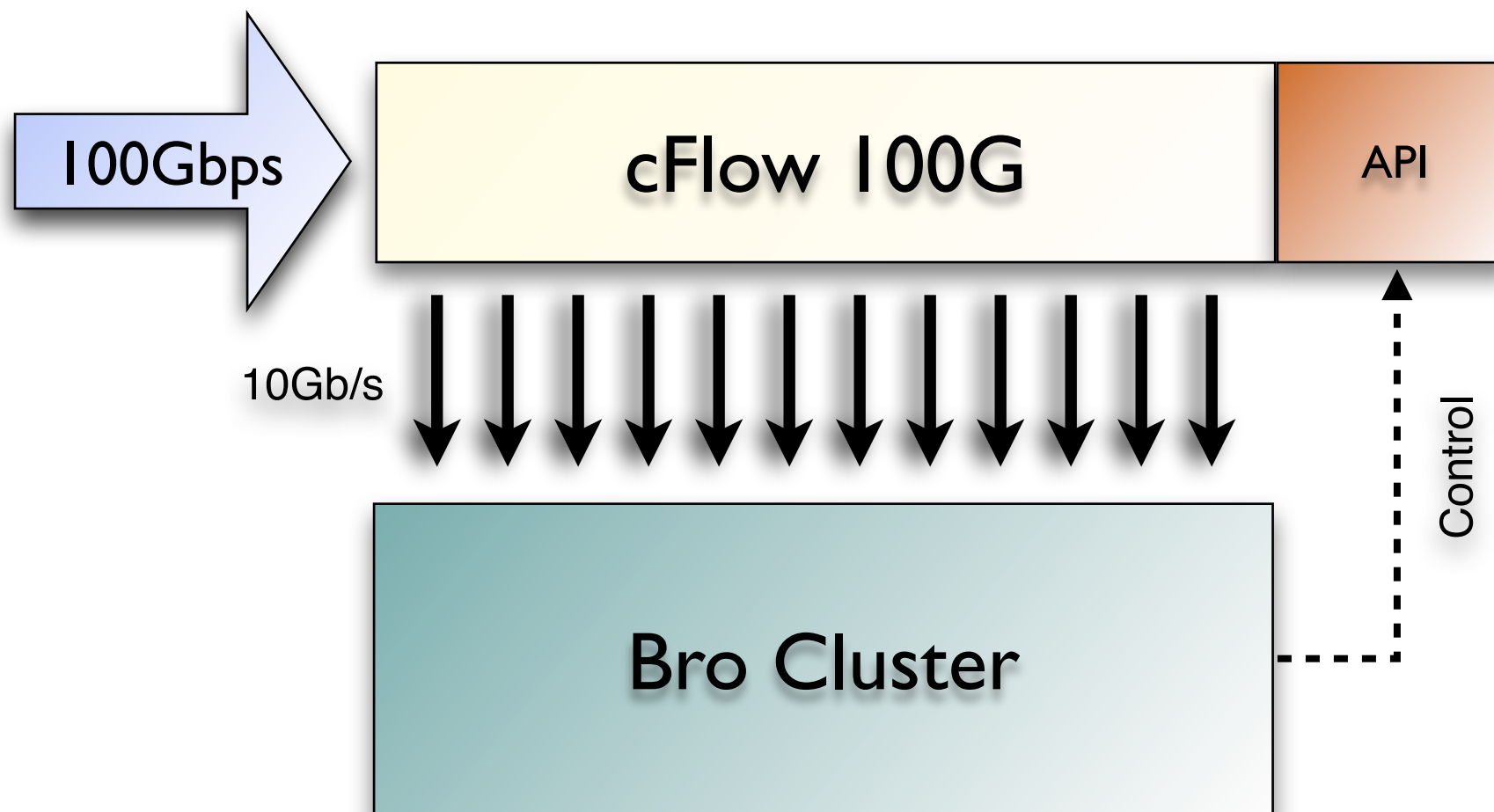
Office of
Science



100 Gb/s Load-balancer



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY | Office of
Science



Going Multi-Core

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Bro is single-threaded

Backends have multiple cores, which are mostly idling.

Work-around: “Cluster in a box”

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We *really* want multi-threading.

Must scale well with increasing numbers of cores.

Must be transparent to the operator.

Going Multi-Core

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Work-around: “Cluster in a box”

We *really* want multi-threading.

Must scale well with increasing numbers of cores.

Must be transparent to the operator.

For some IDS, that’s not so hard.

For others, it is ...

Research: Multi-Threaded DPI

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Traffic is “almost” embarrassingly parallel.
Most activity is independent.

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Analysis can be structured around *units*.

Simulations predict excellent scalability.

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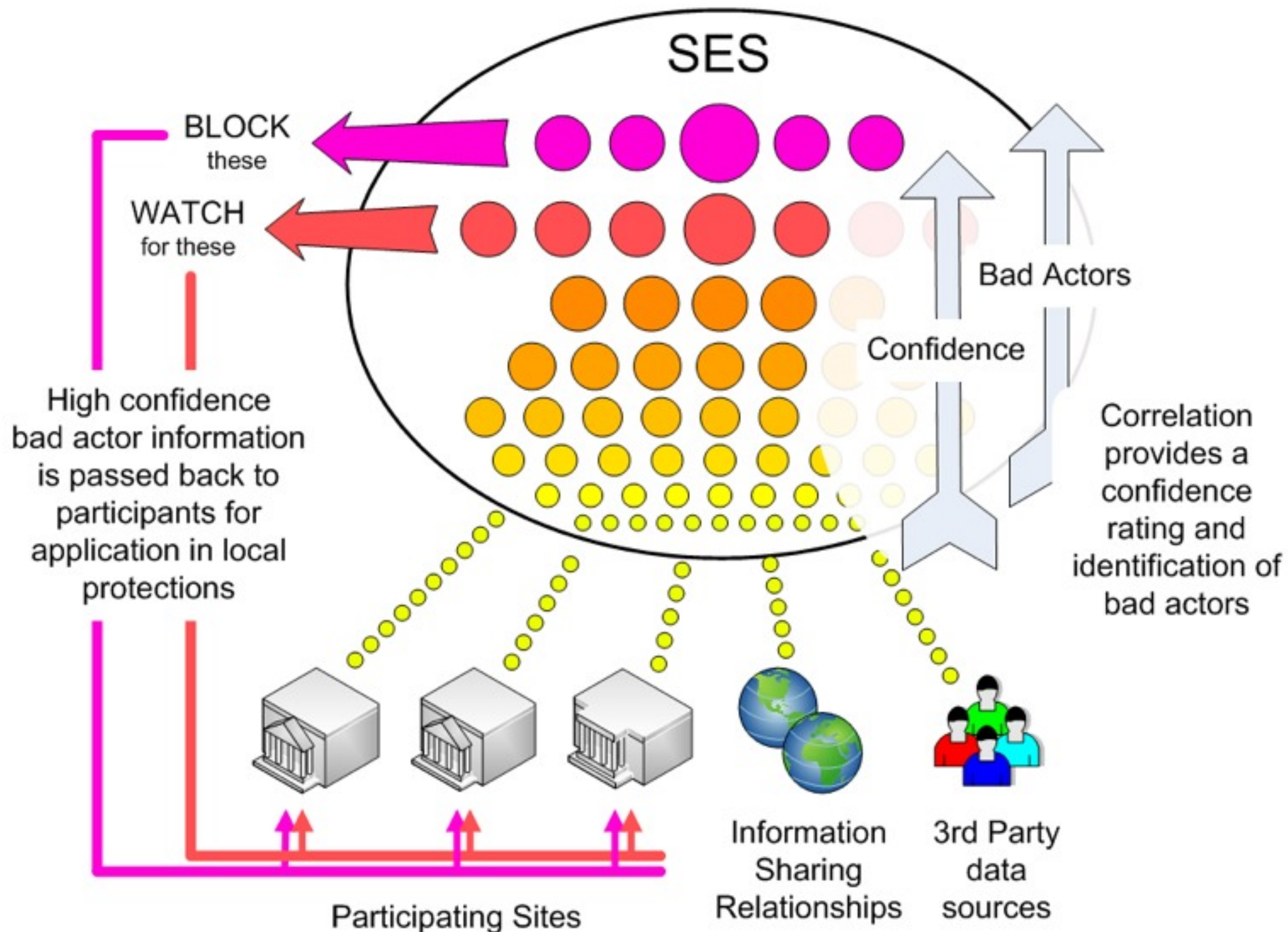
Simulations predict excellent scalability.

Incorporate architecture-level properties.

Memory hierarchy, non-standard CPUs / bus systems.

Working Together Collective Intelligence

REN-ISAC's Security Event System

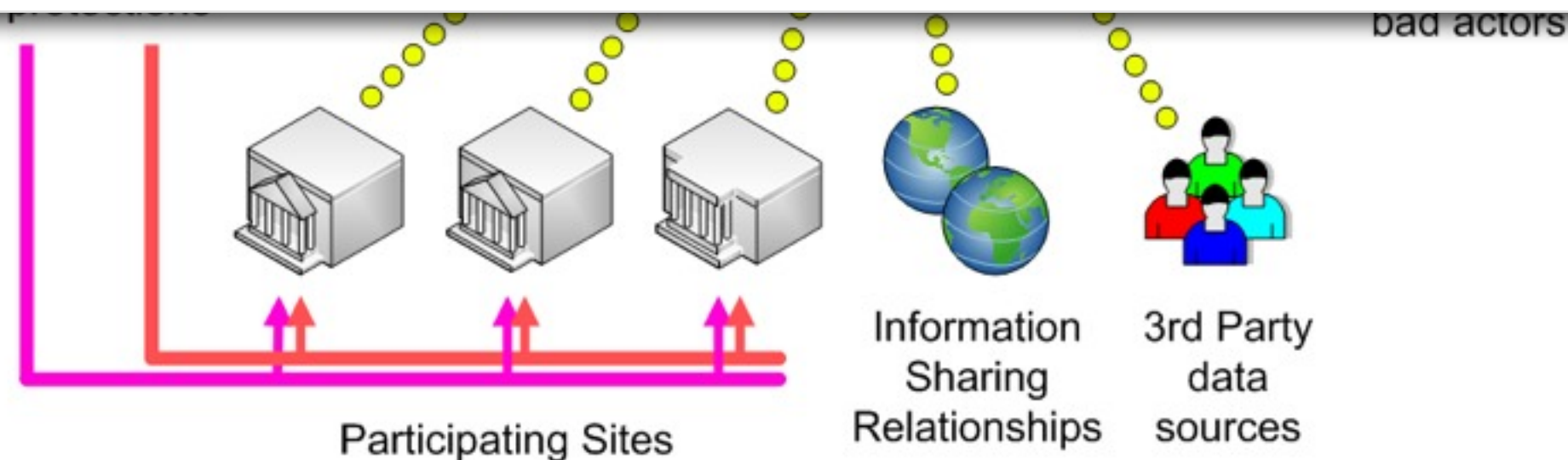


Source: REN-ISAC

REN-ISAC's Security Event System

Example: Basic blacklist

IP	Reason	Timestamp
66.249.66.1	Connected to honeypot	1333252748
208.67.222.222	Too many DNS requests	1330235733
192.150.186.11	Sent spam	1333145108



Source: REN-ISAC

How to Leverage Intelligence?

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IDS State

Network State

Configuration

Volume

High

Low

Update
frequency

High

Static

Examples

*Connection
State*

IDS rules

How to Leverage Intelligence?

IDS State

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Examples

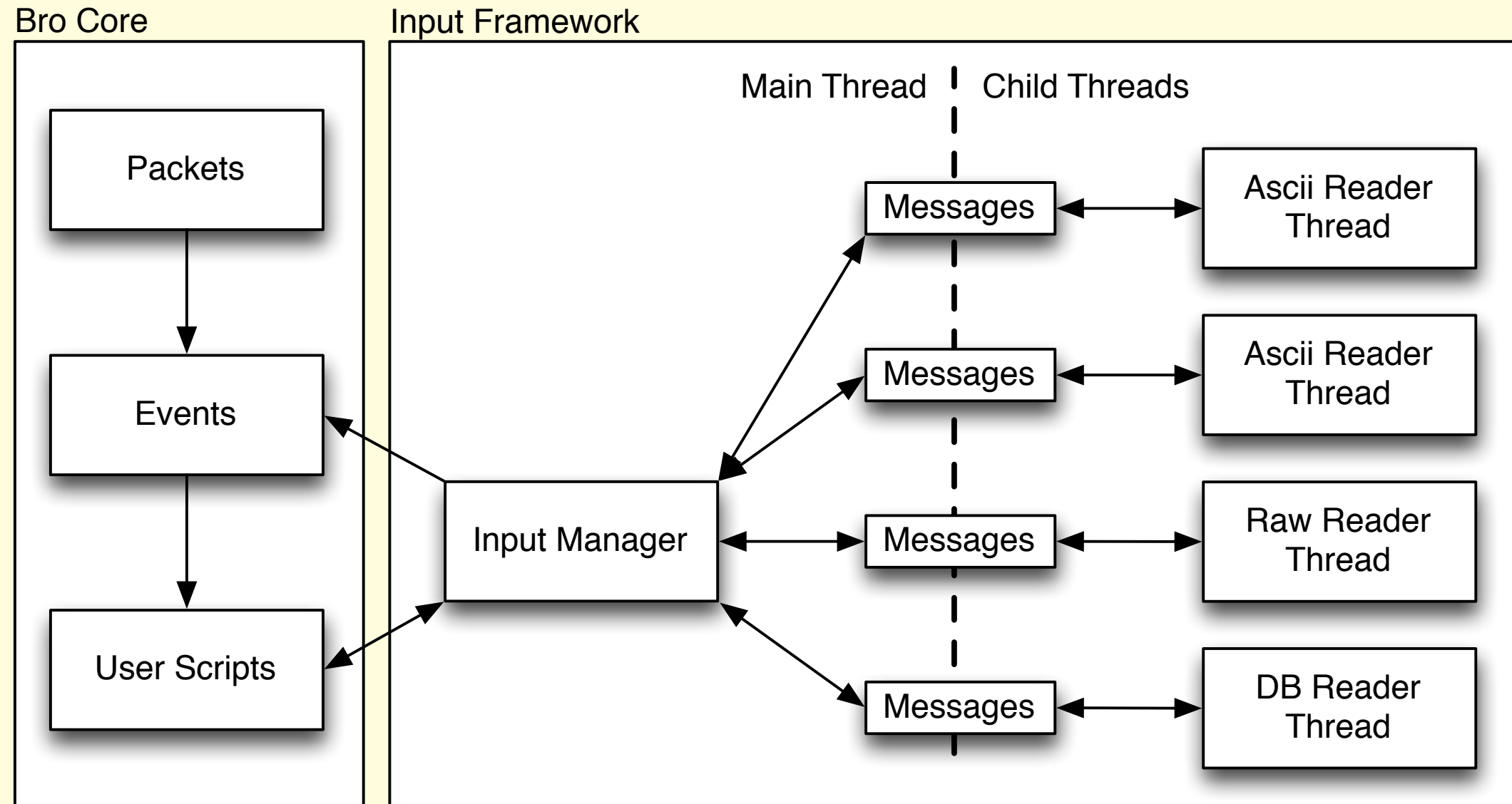
*Connection
State*

*Blacklists,
Network
Configuration*

IDS rules

Getting Intelligence Into Bro

Getting Intelligence Into Bro



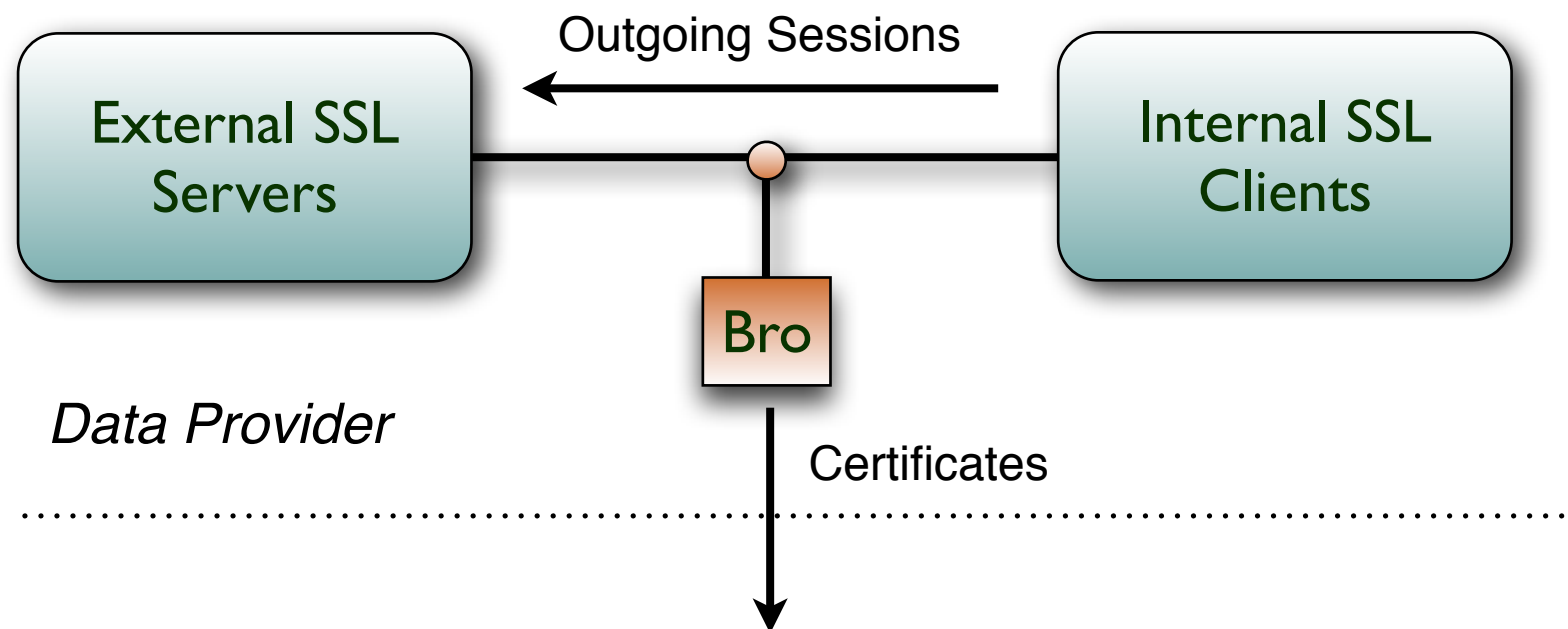
Bernhard Amann, Robin Sommer, Aashish Sharma, Seth Hall
A Lone Wolf No More: Supporting Network Intrusion Detection with Real-Time Intelligence
Proc. Symposium on Research in Attacks, Intrusions and Defenses (RAID), September 2012

Getting Intelligence Out of Bro

SSL Notary: Independent Perspective on Certificates

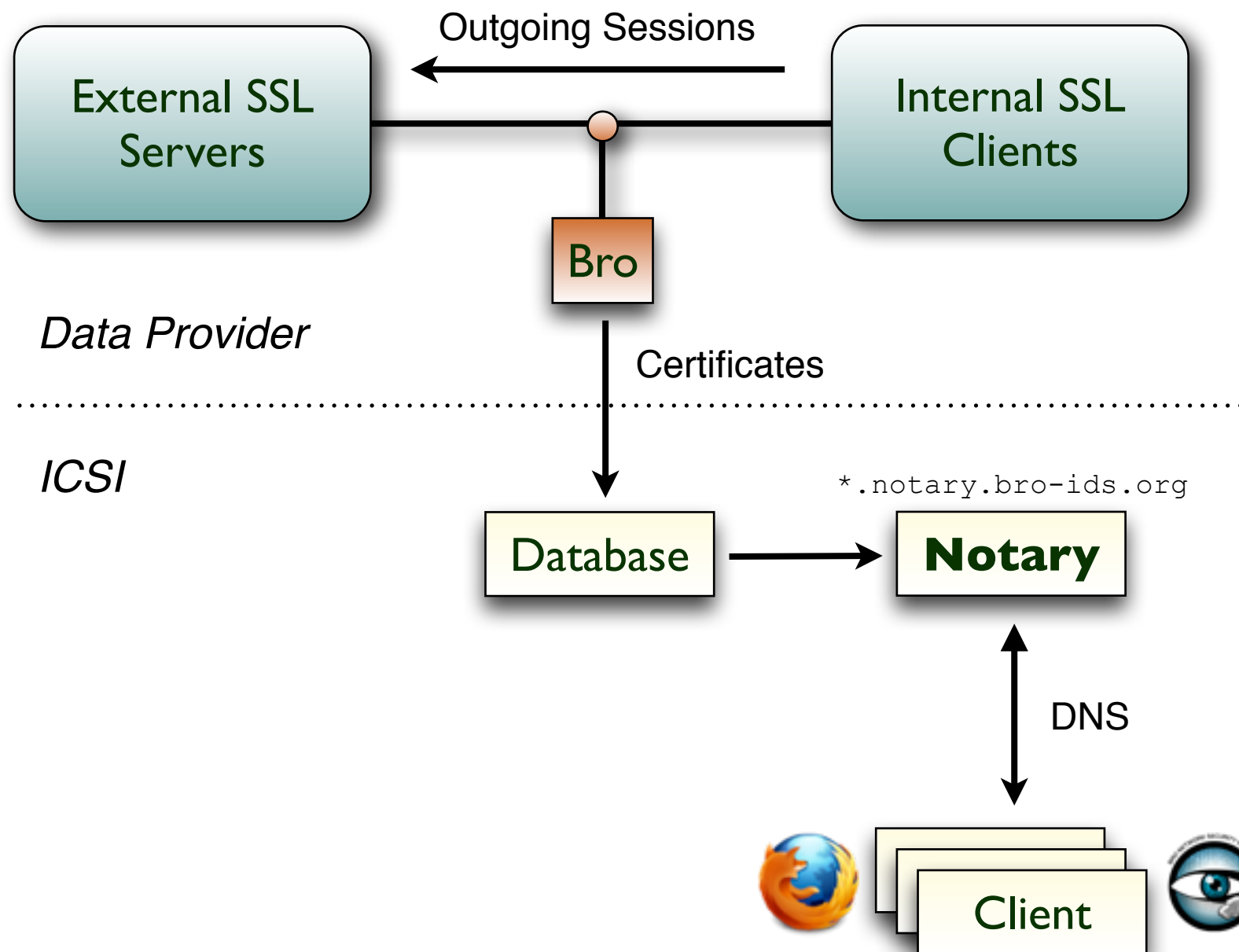
Getting Intelligence Out of Bro

SSL Notary: Independent Perspective on Certificates



Getting Intelligence Out of Bro

SSL Notary: Independent Perspective on Certificates



Notary: Data Providers

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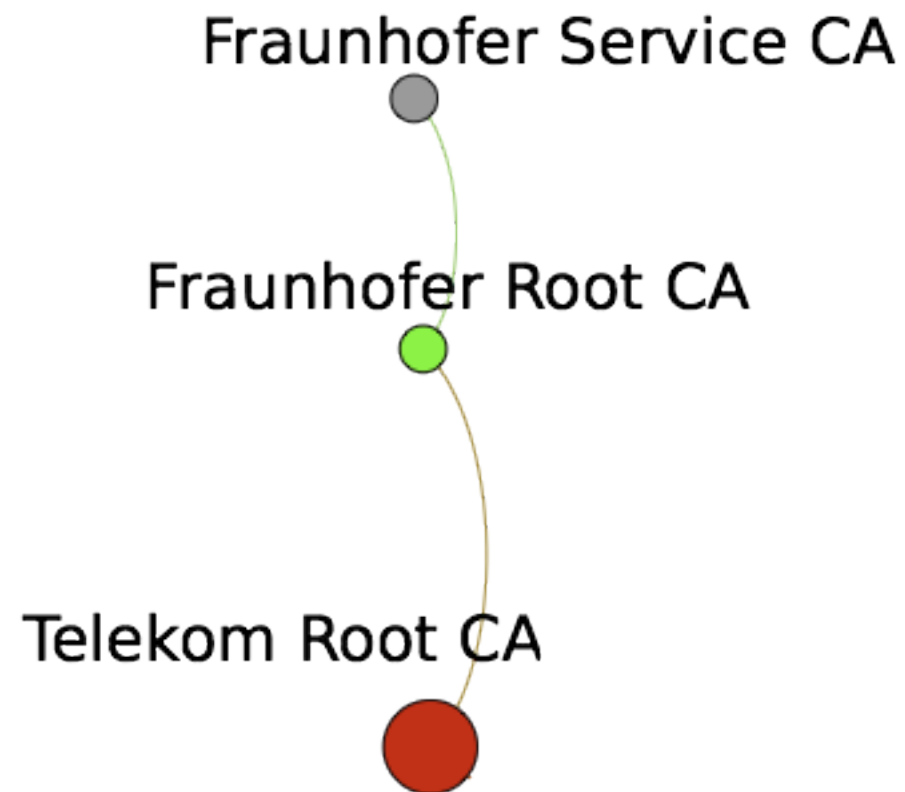
Site	Users	Certificates Total	Certificates Notary	Sessions	Duration (days)
University 1	60000	17.6M	222K	2.8B	162
University 2	50000	328K	185K	2.4B	170
University 3	3000	13K	9K	13M	138
University 4	90000	19K	17K	13M	3
Research Lab 1	250	155K	22K	40M	191
Research Lab 2	4000	93K	64K	420M	170
Government Network	50000	92K	90K	250M	151
Total (unique)	257250	18M	340K	5.6B	

September, 2012

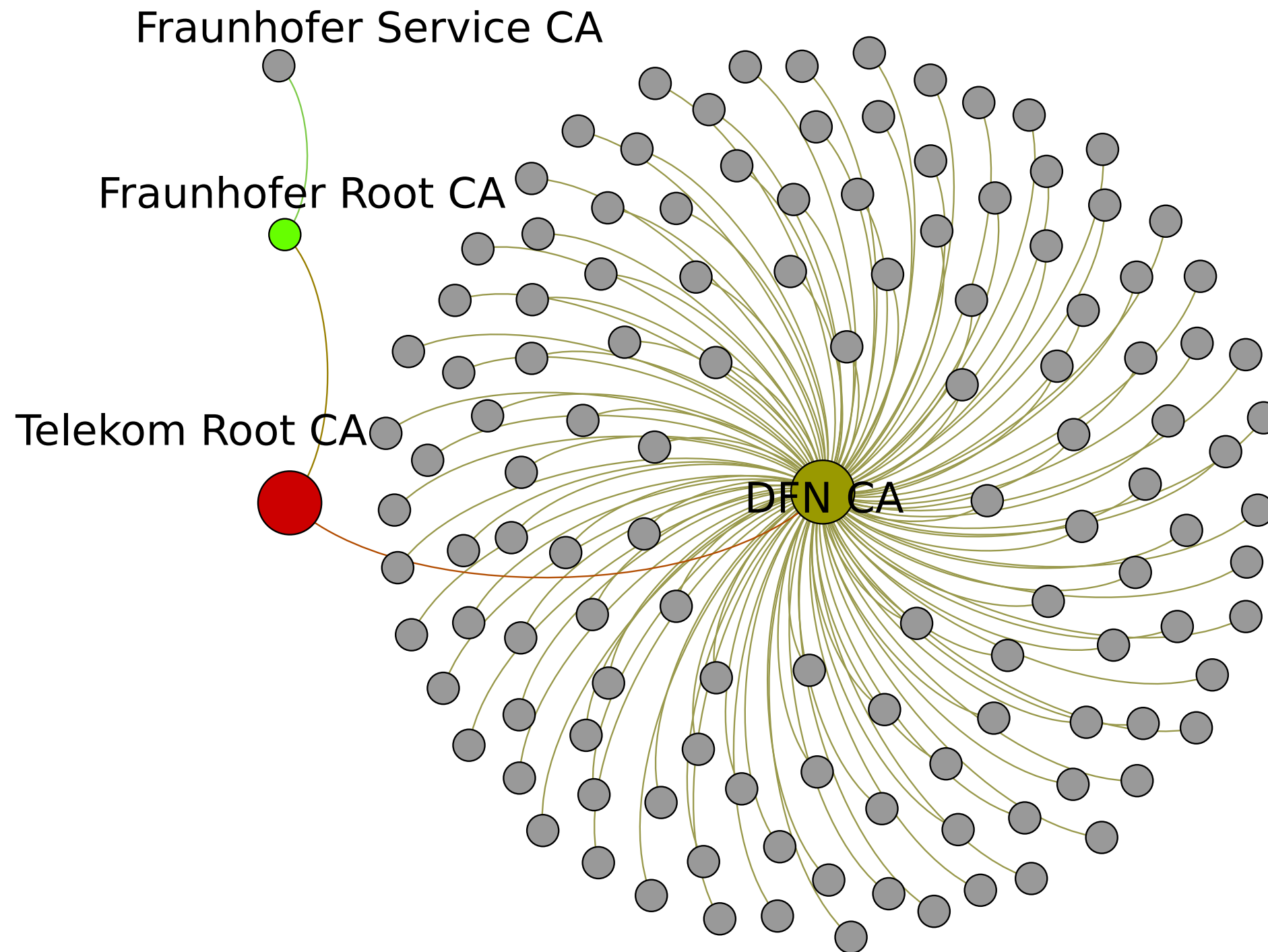
Notary: Data Providers

Site	Users	Certificates Total	Certificates Notary	Sessions	Duration (days)
University	Collected Features Server Certificate Available ciphers Client SSL Extensions Server SSL Extensions Hash(Client, Server) Hash(Client, SNI) Hash(Client Session ID) Hash(Server Session ID) Selected Cipher Server Name Indication Ticket Lifetime Hint Timestamp SSL Protocol Version			2.8B	162
University				2.4B	170
University				13M	138
University				13M	3
Research Lab				40M	191
Research Lab				420M	170
Governmen Network				250M	151
Total (unio				5.6B	

Using it for Measurements, too ...



Using it for Measurements, too ...



Summary

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New Attack Trends.

Underground economy; targetted attacks.

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From research to operations.

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Collective Intelligence.

Sharing information in real-time.

Thanks for your attention.

Robin Sommer

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`robin@icsi.berkeley.edu`
`http://www.icir.org/robin`

