CS294 Lecture Notes: Botnets November 13, 2009

Professor: Vern Paxson Scribe: Emil Stefanov

Botnets / The Modern Threat Labdscape

- 1990's early 2000's
 - o IRC Wars
 - o IRC based botnets
 - Vandals -> Cybercrime
- Example: MIPS router infection



- Hard to defend against no antivirus is installed on the router to detect it and help clean it up.
- Commercial off the shelf (COTS) software for crooks
 - o Can then be used by other actors, such as spies
- GhostNet cyber spying operation

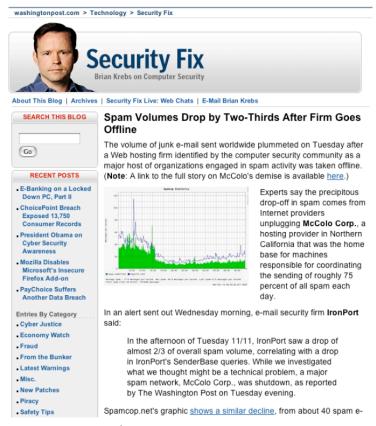
o Infected embassies, NATO, the Dalai Lama, and many more computer systems of political entities.

Table 2: Selected infections

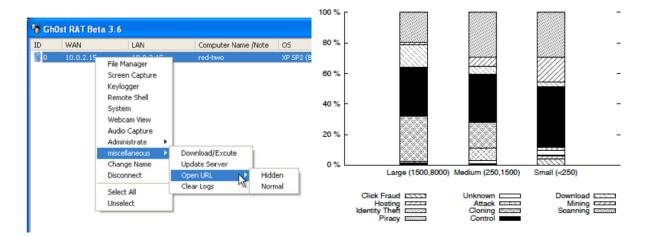
Organization	Confidence	Location	Infections
ASEAN	Н	ID, MY	3
Asian Development Bank	Н	PH, IN	3
Associated Press, UK	Н	GB, HK	2
Bureau of International Trade Relations	L	PH	1
CanTV, Venezuela	Н	VE	8
Ceger, Portugal	Н	PT	1
Consulate General of Malaysia, Hong Kong	Н	HK	1
Embassy Of India, Kuwait	Н	KW	1
Embassy of India, USA	Н	US	7
Embassy of India, Zimbabwe	Н	ZA	1
Embassy of Indonesia, China	Н	CN	1
Embassy of Malaysia, Cuba	Н	CU	1
Embassy of Malaysia, Italy	Н	IT	1
Ministry of Industry and Trade, Vietnam	L	VN	30
Ministry of Labour and Human Resources, Bhutan	Н	BT	1
National Informatics Centre, India	L	IN	12
NATO, (SHAPE HQ)	Н	NL	1
Net Trade, Taiwan	Н	TW	1
New Tang Dynasty Television, United States	L	US	1
Office of the Dalai Lama, India	Н	IN	2

- o Trail points strongly to Chinese origin
- Can send email w/ poisoned attachments from infected machine to contacts for spearphishing

• McColo shutdown (a "bulletproof hosting service" – resists take-down)



- Effective: 2/3 reduction in spam
- Short-lived
- Botnets adapted. Now they don't use centralized C&C servers. They have a list. If the list is exhausted then it connects to a new automatically generated DNS name every day.
- We can use DNS cache testing to find out if botnet C&C servers have been looked up.
 - o 95% of Chinese servers showed such lookups.
- It seems that Botnets do a lot of different things.



Botlab

- It used the UW Spam feed.
- A Problem: Can have benign URL in spam.
 - o Following links can have bad effects on real messages
 - Example: signing up people to review papers.
- How is it that Rustok sends so much less spam but causes about the same amount of incoming UW spam?
- Ethics
 - o Could increase somone's spam
 - Prudence
 - Prosecutorial discretion
 - The notion that if something is illegal, it still may prove okay in practice if no reasonable prosecutor is going to go after you for it
- Containment when studying malware
 - Rate limit outbound output
 - Signature check
- Wrong conclusion: 1 IP address = 1 host for 1 day
 - Recent studies show that's not a good assumption, aliasing happens more frequently.

Ethics + Disruption

- Can shut it down, but should you?
 - Not obligated.
 - o There can be greater long term good if you can study it
 - Nasty damage if you take it down
 - It may be illegal to shut it down
- MegaD shutdown by FireEye
 - o Only received praise
 - They hijacked the C&C server and did nothing (didn't send any commands)
 - Limits the amount of potential damage that could have resulted in trying to remove it rather than silently disable it.

THE IMAGES IN THIS DOCUMENT WERE COPIED FROM VERN PAXSON'S LECTURE NOTES OF THE CORRESPONDING BOTNETS LECTURE.