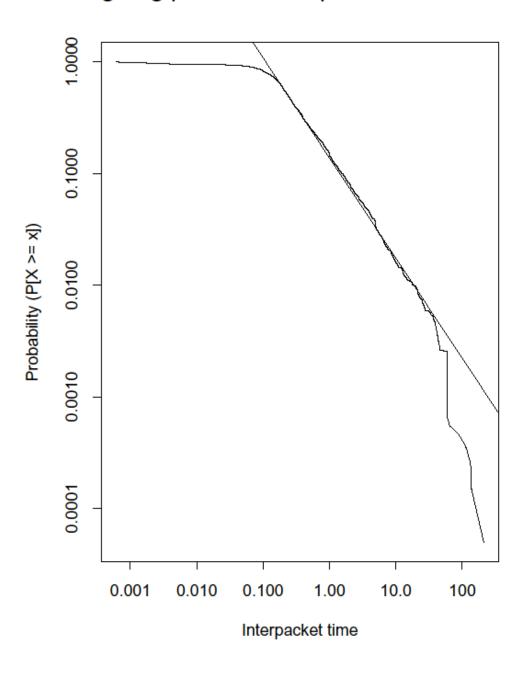
## Log-Log plot of Telnet packet interarrivals



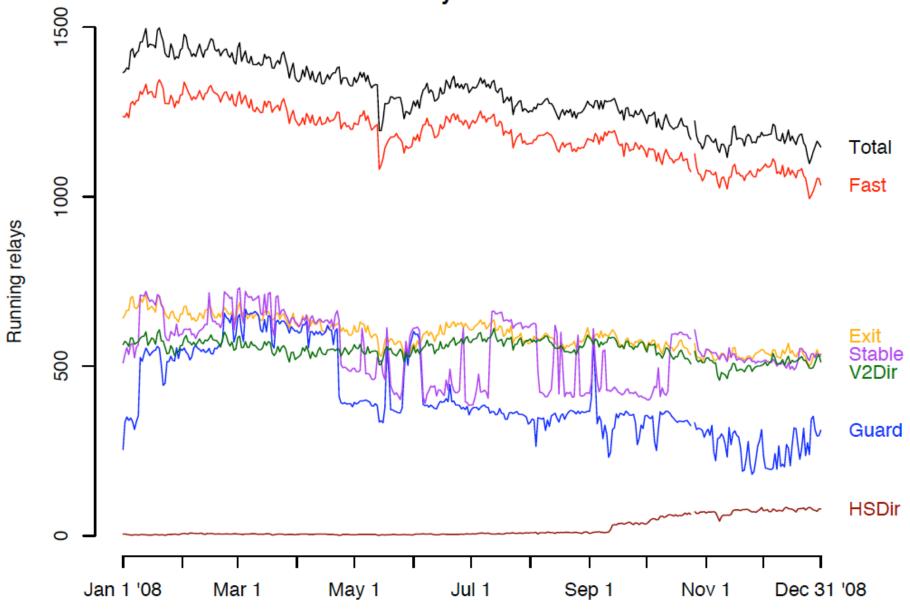
Port	Number of Exit Nodes
22	211
53	216
80	226
110	210
143	208
443	238
5190	184
6667	172

Port	Number of Exit Nodes
25	4
119	25
135 - 139	6
445	6
465	12
587	13
1214	7
4661-466	36 <b> </b> 5
6699	9

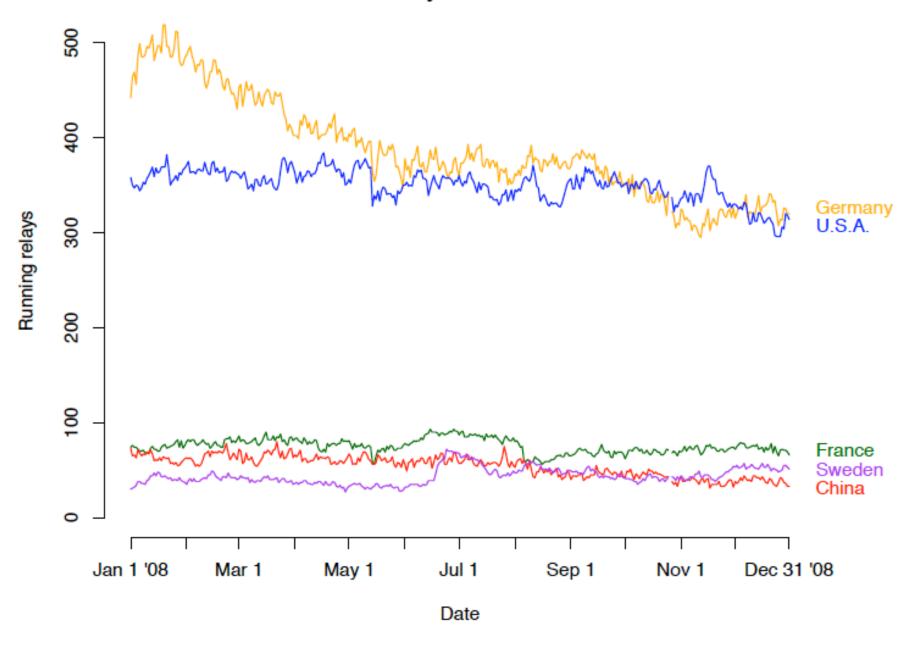
Table 1. Exit traffic protocol distribution by number of TCP connections, size, and number of unique destination hosts.

Protocol	Connections	Bytes	Destinations		
HTTP	12,160,437 (92.45%)	411 GB (57.97%)	173,701 (46.01%)		
SSL	534,666 (4.06%)	11 GB (1.55%)	7,247 (1.91%)		
BitTorrent	438,395 (3.33%)	285 GB (40.20%)	194,675 (51.58%)		
Instant Messaging	10,506 (0.08%)	735 MB (0.10%)	880 (0.23%)		
E-Mail	7,611 (0.06%)	291 MB (0.04%)	389 (0.10%)		
FTP	1,338 (0.01%)	792 MB (0.11%)	395 (0.10%)		
Telnet	1,045 (0.01%)	110 MB (0.02%)	162 (0.04%)		
Total	13,154,115	709 GB	377,449		





## **Relay locations**



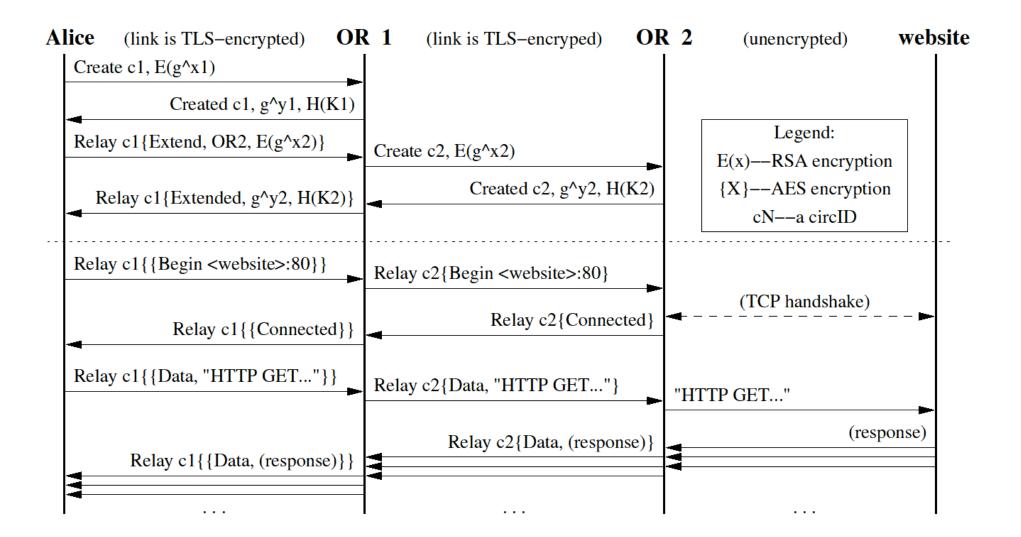
Client Distribution Router Distribution			-	Relative Tor U	J	
Country	Total	Country	Total		Country	
Germany	2,304	Germany	374	-	Germany	
China	988	United States	326		Turkey	
United States	864	France	69		Italy	
Italy	254	China	40		Russia	
Turkey	221	Italy	36		China	
United Kingdom	170	Netherlands	35		France	
Japan	155	Sweden	35		United Kingdom	
France	150	Finland	25		United States	
Russia	146	Austria	$^{24}$		Brazil	
Brazil	134	United Kingdom	24		Japan	

 2
 1
 509 bytes

 CircID
 CMD
 DATA

 2
 1
 2
 6
 2
 1
 498

 CircID
 Relay
 StreamID
 Digest
 Len CMD
 DATA



```
(IP verhl,
FIELD
                                 KEEP)
FIELD
            (IP tos,
                         1,
                                 KEEP)
FIELD
            (IP len,
                                 KEEP)
            (IP id,
FIELD
                                 KEEP)
            (IP frag,
FIELD
                                 KEEP)
FIELD
            (IP ttl,
                                 KEEP)
FIELD
            (IP proto,
                                 KEEP)
PUTOFF FIELD (IP cksum,
                                 ZERO)
FIELD
            (IP src,
                                 anonymize ip addr)
FIELD
            (IP dst,
                                 anonymize ip addr)
            (IP options, VARLEN, anonymize ip options)
FIELD
PICKUP FIELD (IP cksum,
                         Ο,
                                 recompute ip checksum)
             (IP data, VARLEN, anonymize ip data)
FIELD
```

Figure 1: Specification for IP header anonymization.

```
0, 1,
CASE (TCPOPT eol,
                                 KEEP)
CASE (TCPOPT nop,
                      1, 1,
                                 KEEP)
                    2, 4,
CASE (TCPOPT mss,
                                 KEEP)
CASE (TCPOPT wsopt, 3, 3,
                                 KEEP)
CASE (TCPOPT sackperm, 4, 2,
                                 KEEP)
CASE (TCPOPT_sack, 5, VARLEN,
                                 KEEP)
CASE (TCPOPT tsopt, 8, 10,
                                 renumber tcp timestamp)
CASE (TCPOPT_cc, 11, VARLEN, KEEP)
CASE (TCPOPT conew, 12, VARLEN, KEEP)
DEFAULT CASE (TCPOPT other, VARLEN, TCPOPT alert and replace with NOP)
```

Figure 2: TCP option anonymization specification.

Section	Meta-Data
§ 3.1	Packets found in the original trace with bad checksums are flagged in the meta-data, with a version of the packet
	with a bad checksum placed in the anonymized trace.
§ 3.1	Truncated packets found in the original trace are noted in the meta-data. The packet inserted into the anony-
	mized trace has a corrected checksum based on the sanitized packet.
§ 3.2	The meta-data includes a rough frequency table of Ethernet vendor codes.
§ 3.3	The meta-data contains a list of the anonymized prefix and size of each internal subnet found in the trace, along
	with the subnet's gateway and broadcast addresses.
§ 3.3	The anonymized IP address of detected scanners is included in the meta-data. The anonymization maps ad-
	dresses for the target in traffic involving scanners differently than addresses in non-scanning traffic.
§ 3.3	The meta-data lists addresses that are part of LBNL's address space, but not from a valid LBNL subnet.
§ 3.4	Hosts for which topmkpub could not determine the endianness of TCP's timestamp option are flagged in the
	meta-data. The order of the timestamps for these hosts is based on the order in which the packets arrive at the
	tracing location, rather than the time at which they were transmitted.
§ 6	The meta-data gives the number of packets completely removed from the traces due to policy considerations.
§ 6	The meta-data includes a tag indicating the anonymization key used to conduct the transformations. All traces
	with the same tag are uniformly anonymized.
§ 6	The meta-data includes a checksum digest of the anonymized packet trace to ensure that the traces and meta-
	data can be properly paired.

Table 1: Meta-data accompanying the anonymized traces.