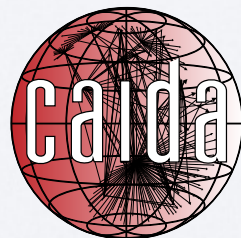


# PacketLab: A Universal Measurement Endpoint Interface

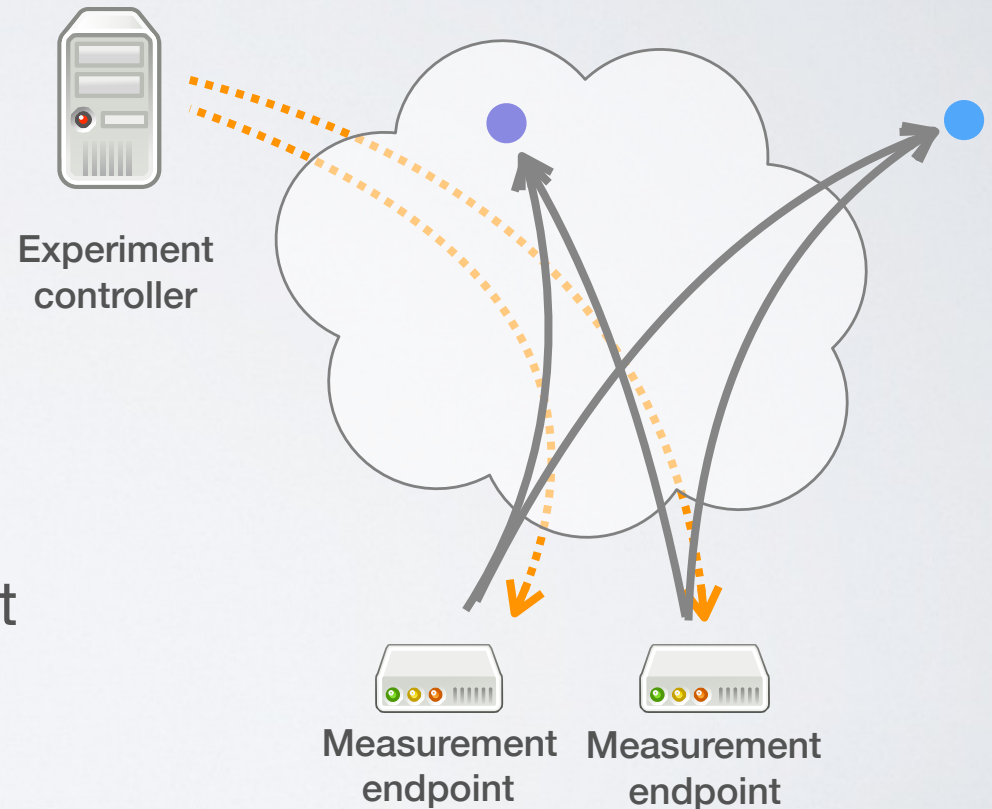
Kirill Levchenko *with*

Amogh Dhamdhere, Bradley Huffaker, kc claffy,  
Mark Allman, Vern Paxson

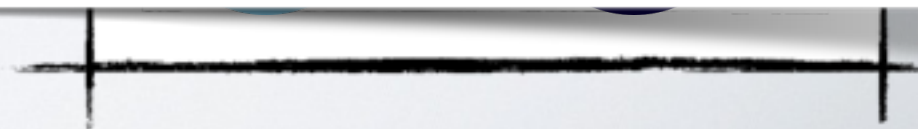


# Edge Measurement

- ❖ Active measurement from end hosts where vantage point is an experimental factor
  - Censorship and traffic tampering
  - Consumer bandwidth/latency
  - Network topology
- ❖ Requires access to measurement endpoints at edge
  - Costly to deploy and maintain



# Measurement Platforms



# Obstacles to Sharing

- ❖ **Compatibility**

Each platform has its own usage model and API, experimenter must port experiment to each one

- ❖ **Incentives**

Operator bears some of the costs of outside experiment

- ❖ **Trust**

Operator must trust experimenter or verify each experiment

*How do we lower barriers to sharing?*

# PacketLab Overview

- ❖ Light-weight universal endpoint interface
  - Write experiment once, run anywhere
  - Easy to port to new platforms
- ❖ Remove platform operator from experiments
  - Shifts cost of experiment to experimenters
- ❖ Give platform operators fine-grained control over allowed outside experiment behavior
  - Reduces burden of trust between operators and experimenters

# Disclaimer

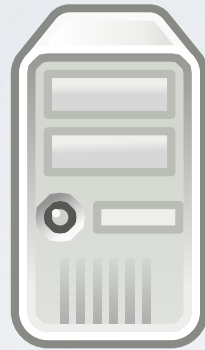
- ❖ Not a new measurement platform
- ❖ Complements (does not replace) existing interfaces
- ❖ Single point in large design space
  - Want to get critical feedback and stimulate discussion
- ❖ Preliminary design, not a finished product
  - Alpha-quality proof of concept prototypes

# Key Technical Ideas

- ❖ Move experiment logic from network endpoint
- ❖ Use certificates for access control
- ❖ Endpoint-experimenter rendezvous  
(won't cover in talk; please see paper)
- ❖ Monitor programs define allowed experiment behaviors

# Traditional Endpoint Model

Experiment Controller



Control logic



Endpoint

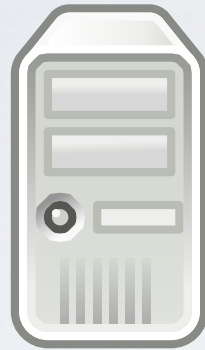
Experiment logic

Network interface



# PacketLab Endpoint Model

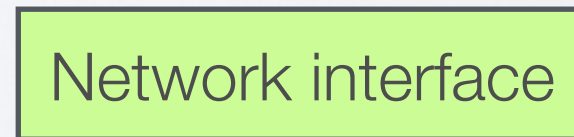
Experiment Controller



..... PacketLab Interface .....



Endpoint



# PacketLab Endpoint

- ❖ PacketLab endpoint ==  
VPN endpoint with measurement knobs and dials
- ❖ TCP/UDP sockets and raw IP I/O (where available)
- ❖ Compatible with multiple deployment regimes
  - Software agent, hardware agent, dedicated server
- ❖ Minimal assumptions about underlying hardware
  - Easy to support PacketLab interface on endpoints

# Endpoint API

- ❖ Resembles Berkley sockets
- ❖ Controller schedules packet to be sent immediately or at future time (`at_time`)
- ❖ Controller polls for received packets (`npoll`)
  - Packets not forwarded to controller immediately
  - Allows controller to manage access link load

```
nopen(sktid, proto)
nopen(sktid, proto, locport,
      remaddr, remport)

nclose(sktid)

nsend(sktid, at_time, data)

npoll(sktid, until_time)

ncap(sktid, filt, until_time)
```

# Experiment Controller

- ❖ Tells endpoints exactly ...
  - What packets to send and when
  - Which packets to capture
- ❖ Run by experimenter, *not* endpoint operator
  - Shifts cost from operator to experimenter
- ❖ Ephemeral: exists for duration of experiment only
- ❖ Needs to implement all protocols used in experiment

# Access Control

- ❖ Operators give experimenters *digitally signed certificates* granting access to their platform (endpoints)
  - Out of band, based on operator's specific policy
- ❖ Each endpoint has a root of trust (set of public keys)
  - Only agrees to do experiment signed by a trusted key
  - Operators install their key when they deploy endpoint
- ❖ Experiment controller provides certificate to each endpoint to prove it is allowed to do experiment
  - Certificates can be chained for delegation
  - *No direct communication between operator and endpoint*

# Control of Experiments

- ❖ Operator will want to restrict the kinds of experiments and experimenter can run on endpoints
  - Today this is based on trust relationships
- ❖ Operator specifies *experiment monitor program* that defines what packets experimenter can send during experiment
  - Interpreted program encoding fine-grained access control policy
  - Similar to BPF, but need slightly richer mechanism
- ❖ Monitor program attached to experiment certificates
  - Presented to endpoint with certificate
  - Part of signed certificate (verified to be from operator)

# Conclusion

- ❖ **PacketLab:** an universal interface to network measurement platforms (endpoints)
- ❖ Value proposition for **experimenters:**  
a single interface to multiple measurement platforms
  - Write experiment once, run anywhere
- ❖ Value proposition for **platforms operators:**  
gives experimenters *controlled* access to your platform